Company No.: 409449-A

AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

Company No.: 409449-A

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(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

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#### AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 November 2013.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 10 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

#### RESULTS

	Group RM	Company RM
Profit net of tax	1,290,252	3,087,474
Attributable to:-		
Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	1,102,033 188,219	3,087,474
	1,290,252	3,087,474

#### DIVIDENDS

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid a first and final dividend of 5 sen per ordinary share of RM1 each less 25% tax amounting to RM1,847,890 on 28 June 2013 in respect of the financial year ended 2012.

The directors recommended a first and final single tier dividend of 4 sen per ordinary share of RM1 each amounting to RM1,971,083 in respect of the current financial year subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### **ISSUE OF SHARES**

During the financial year, no new issue of shares was made by the Company.

# DIRECTORS

The names of the directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and on the date of this report are as follows:-

TUNKU DATO' SERI KAMEL BIN TUNKU RIJALUDIN DATO' KOID HUN KIAN NG AH CHONG SIOW HOCK LEE WONG TUCK KUAN CHANG PAK HING

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, the interest of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year in the shares of the Company during the financial year are as follows:-

	Number of Ordinary Shares of RM1 each				
	At			At	
	1.12.2012	Bought	Sold	30.11.2013	
Direct interest					
Dato' Koid Hun Kian	7,994,888	-	-	7,994,888	
Ng Ah Chong	1,066,666	557,900	-	1,624,566	
Tunku Dato' Seri Kamel Bin					
Tunku Rijaludin	200,000	-	-	200,000	
Siow Hock Lee	65,333	-	-	65,333	
Wong Tuck Kuan	61,666	-	-	61,666	
Chang Pak Hing	2,300	-	-	2,300	
Indirect interest					
Dato' Koid Hun Kian *	7,894,270	-	-	7,894,270	
Ng Ah Chong **	55,300	-	-	55,300	
Siow Hock Lee **	353,333	261,000	-	614,333	

\* This includes shares held by spouse and children pursuant to Section 134(12)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965.

\*\* This includes shares held by spouse pursuant to Section 134(12)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965.

By virtue of his substantial interest in the shares of the Company, Dato' Koid Hun Kian is also deemed interested in the shares of the subsidiaries and its related corporations during the financial year to the extent that the Company has an interest.

# DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than the benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors and the estimated value of benefit-in-kind as disclosed in the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangements subsisted to which the Company is a party, being arrangements with the object or objects of enabling directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

# **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those as disclosed in the financial statements.

# STATUTORY INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:-

- (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and have satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that no provision for doubtful debts was required; and
- (ii) to ensure that any current assets, other than debts, which were unlikely to realise in the ordinary course of business including their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances:-

- (i) which would render the amount written off as bad debts inadequate to any substantial extent or render it necessary to make any provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Company.
- (ii) which would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liability of any other person; or
- (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

# STATUTORY INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or in the financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

In the opinion of the directors:-

- (i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due;
- (ii) the results of the operations of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
- (iii) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

# SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

Details of significant events arising during the financial year are disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

#### AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs. Baker Tilly AC, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 20 March 2014.

TUNKU DATO' SERI KAMEL BIN TUNKU RIJALUDIN DATO' KOID HUN KIAN

#### AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

We, the undersigned, being two of the directors of the Company, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements as set out on pages 9 to 84, are drawn up in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 November 2013 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

The supplemental information set out on page 85 has been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and presented based on the format as prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 20 March 2014.

TUNKU DATO' SERI KAMEL BIN TUNKU RIJALUDIN DATO' KOID HUN KIAN

#### STATUTORY DECLARATION

Pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, Dato' Koid Hun Kian, being the director primarily responsible for the financial management of Amtel Holdings Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the financial statements as set out on pages 9 to 84 and the supplementary information as set out on page 85, are correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared at Puchong in the state of Selangor Darul Ehsan on 20 March 2014

DATO' KOID HUN KIAN

Before me

CHEONG LAK HOONG (B-232) Commissioner for Oaths

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Amtel Holdings Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 November 2013 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 9 to 84.

# Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the Company's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 November 2013 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD** (cont'd)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:-

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.
- (b) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) The auditor's reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

#### **Other Reporting Responsibilities**

The supplementary information set out on page 85 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

#### **Other Matters**

1. As stated in Note 2 to the financial statements, Amtel Holdings Berhad adopted the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards on 1 December 2012 with a transition date of 1 December 2011. These standards were applied retrospectively by the directors to the comparative information in these financial statements, including the statements of financial position as at 30 November 2012 and 1 December 2011, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the financial year ended 30 November 2012 and its related disclosures. We were not engaged to report on the comparative information and it is unaudited. Our responsibilities as part of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 November 2013 have, in these circumstances, included obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence that the opening balances as at 1 December 2012 do not contain misstatements that materially affect the financial position as at 30 November 2013 and the financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD (cont'd)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### Other Matters (cont'd)

2. This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the contents of this report.

BAKER TILLY AC AF 001826 Chartered Accountants SOH ENG HOOI 3031/02/15 (J) Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur 20 March 2014

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

		Gro	oup	Com	oany
	Nata	2013	2012 DM	2013	2012 DM
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Operating revenue	4	40,448,898	55,565,877	5,060,769	4,569,647
Cost of sales	5	(29,035,394)	(40,936,754)		_
Gross profit		11,413,504	14,629,123	5,060,769	4,569,647
Other operating income		1,271,291	1,069,546	131,705	85,430
Distribution expenses		(1,296,995)	(1,692,105)	-	-
Administrative expenses		(5,969,663)	(6,124,231)	(1,385,701)	(1,388,499)
Other operating expenses		(3,200,136)	(2,518,152)	(719,299)	(414,884)
		(10,466,794)	(10,334,488)	(2,105,000)	(1,803,383)
Profit from operations		2,218,001	5,364,181	3,087,474	2,851,694
Finance costs		(424,095)	(175,418)	-	-
Share of results of associates		99,923	462,459	-	-
Profit before tax	6	1,893,829	5,651,222	3,087,474	2,851,694
Tax expense	7	(603,577)	(1,293,985)		(850,500)
Profit net of tax, representing total comprehensive income					
for the financial year		1,290,252	4,357,237	3,087,474	2,001,194
Profit attributable to:-					
Owners of the parent		1,102,033	4,121,609		
Non-controlling interests		188,219	235,628		
		1,290,252	4,357,237		
Total comprehensive income attributable to:-					
Owners of the parent		1,102,033	4,121,609		
Non-controlling interests		188,219	235,628		
		1,290,252	4,357,237		
Earnings per share (sen)					
- Basic	8	2.24	8.36		
- Diluted	8	2.24	8.36		

The annexed notes form an integral part of,

and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

			Group	
	Note	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	9	17,706,886	17,501,493	1,769,158
Investment in associates	11	945,020	800,095	337,636
Intangible assets	12	1,985,855	1,985,856	1,643,867
Other investments	13	250,000	250,000	1,450,000
Investment property	14	168,717	168,717	168,717
Deferred tax assets	15	-		361,500
		21,056,478	20,706,161	5,730,878
Current assets				
Inventories	16	673,895	1,860,378	1,895,977
Other investments	13	5,013,394	1,614,113	4,295,713
Trade receivables	17	8,875,352	15,866,821	11,273,473
Other receivables, deposits and				
prepayments	18	835,601	988,436	2,772,473
Tax assets	19	159,080	322,178	185,022
Amounts owing by associates	21	88,369	159,466	25,298
Cash deposits with licensed banks	22	4,936,729	8,993,581	9,303,020
Cash and bank balances	23	20,556,031	17,747,283	19,570,934
		41,138,451	47,552,256	49,321,910
TOTAL ASSETS		62,194,929	68,258,417	55,052,788

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013 (cont'd)

			Group	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Equity				
Share capital Reserves	24 25	49,277,066 (4,845,853)	49,277,066 (4,083,821)	49,277,066 (8,141,795)
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		44,431,213	45,193,245	41,135,271
Non-controlling interests		373,488	322,094	111,391
Total Equity		44,804,701	45,515,339	41,246,662
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Bank borrowings Finance lease payables Deferred tax liabilities	26 27 28	6,603,396 663,245 363,300 7,629,941	7,311,224 878,336 300,655 8,490,215	- 578,213 17,049 595,262
Current liabilities				
Trade payables Other payables, deposits and accruals Provisions Bank borrowings Finance lease payables Tax liabilities	29 30 31 26 27	5,233,065 2,332,688 720,420 983,262 266,942 223,910 9,760,287	8,471,180 2,539,928 870,066 1,796,231 358,382 217,076 14,252,863	7,569,510 2,675,326 1,164,780 1,315,539 302,798 182,911 13,210,864
Total liabilities		17,390,228	22,743,078	13,806,126
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		62,194,929	68,258,417	55,052,788

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

As at 20132012As at 20122012112.2011 RMNoteRMRMASSETSNon-current assetsProperty, plant and equipment9119,35537,51533,211 18,540,207Investment in subsidiaries1018,434,13418,540,20718,540,207Other investments1018,803,48918,827,72220,023,418Current assets13 $-$ 1,200,000 $2,551,500$ $-$ Other investments13 $-$ 1,200,000 $2,551,500$ $-$ Other receivables, deposits and prepayments1811,77317,971413,013Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $20,68,890$ $2,554,365$ 9,084,063 $5,104,595$ Corrent Lassets21 $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital $22,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities20 $414,676$ $322,000$ $893,304$ $317,829$ $-$ $322,000$ $317,829$ $-$ $322,000$ Other payables, deposits and accruals Amounts owing to subsidiaries20 $20$ $4414,676$ $322,000$ $-$ $322,000$ $317,829$ $-$ $322,000$ Current liabilities20 $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Other payables, deposits and accruals $486$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $486$ Other payables, deposits and accruals $486$ $30$ <				Company	
Non-current assetsProperty, plant and equipment9 $119,355$ $37,515$ $33,211$ Investment in subsidiaries10 $18,434,134$ $18,540,207$ $18,540,207$ Other investments13 $250,000$ $250,000$ $1,450,000$ Dividend receivable13 $2,551,500$ $2,551,500$ $-$ Other receivables, deposits and prepayments13 $ 1,200,000$ $-$ Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $1,637,110$ $1,766,17$ $413,013$ Amounts owing by subsidiaries21 $62,280$ $117,617$ $4,298$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,668,890$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquity $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves25 $(2,1379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $317,829$ $-$ Other payables, deposits and accruals30 $414,676$ $893,304$ $322,000$ $317,829$ $-$ Provisions31 $486$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$		Note			1.12.2011
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ASSETS				
Investment in subsidiaries10 $18,434,134$ $18,540,207$ $18,540,207$ Other investments13 $250,000$ $250,000$ $1,450,000$ 18,803,489 $18,827,722$ $20,023,418$ Current assetsOther investments13 $ 1,200,000$ $-$ Other receivables, deposits and $2,551,500$ $2,551,500$ $-$ Other receivables, deposits and $11,773$ $17,971$ $413,013$ Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $1,637,110$ $1,766,496$ $2,280$ Amounts owing by associates21 $62,280$ $117,617$ $2,608,890$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ 9,554,3659,084,063 $5,104,595$ 20 $23,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital24 $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves25 $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $414,676$ $893,304$ $317,829$ Other payables, deposits and accruals $30$ $414,676$ $893,394$ $317,829$ Amounts owing to subsidiaries $20$ $45,471$ $322,000$ $-$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ <td>Non-current assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Non-current assets				
Other investments       13 $250,000$ $2250,000$ $1450,000$ Current assets       0ther investments       13 $2551,500$ $18,803,489$ $18,827,722$ $20,023,418$ Other investments       13 $2,551,500$ $2,551,500$ $-$ Other receivables, deposits and prepayments       18 $11,773$ $17,971$ $413,013$ Amounts owing by subsidiaries       20 $11,773$ $17,66,496$ $4,298$ Cash and bank balances       23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ 9,554,365       9,084,063 $5,104,595$ $20,68,890$ 9,554,365       9,084,063 $5,104,595$ $22,208,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         Equity       Share capital       24 $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves       25 $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity       Share capital       24 $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves       25 $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ <t< td=""><td>Property, plant and equipment</td><td>9</td><td>119,355</td><td>37,515</td><td>33,211</td></t<>	Property, plant and equipment	9	119,355	37,515	33,211
Current assetsOther investments13-1,200,000-Dividend receivable13-1,200,000-Other receivables, deposits and1811,77317,971413,013Amounts owing by subsidiaries2011,637,1102,551,500-Amounts owing by associates2162,280117,6174,298Cash and bank balances235,291,7023,430,4792,068,8909,554,3659,084,0635,104,59528,357,85427,911,78525,128,013EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital2449,277,06649,277,06649,277,066Reserves25(21,379,845)(22,619,429)(24,620,623)Equity attributable to owners of the parent27,897,22126,657,63724,656,443Liabilities30414,676893,304317,829Other payables, deposits and accruals30414,676322,000-Amounts owing to subsidiaries2031486486486460,6331,254,148471,570471,570Total liabilities460,6331,254,148471,570		10	18,434,134		18,540,207
Current assets13 $-1,200,000$ $-1,200,000$ Dividend receivable13 $2,551,500$ $2,551,500$ $-1,200,000$ Other receivables, deposits and prepayments18 $11,773$ $17,971$ $413,013$ Amounts owing by absidiaries20 $1,637,110$ $1,766,496$ $2,618,394$ Amounts owing by associates21 $62,280$ $117,617$ $4,298$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ 9,554,3659,084,063 $5,104,595$ 28,357,85427,911,785 $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital24 $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves25 $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $-132,2000$ $-132,2500$ Other payables, deposits and accruals $30$ $414,676$ $893,304$ $317,829$ Amounts owing to subsidiaries $20$ $-132,25000$ $-132,25000$ Provisions31 $416,673$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$	Other investments	13	250,000	250,000	1,450,000
Other investments13 $ 1,200,000$ $-$ Dividend receivable $2,551,500$ $2,551,500$ $2,551,500$ $-$ Other receivables, deposits and prepayments18 $11,773$ $17,971$ $413,013$ Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $1,637,110$ $1,766,496$ $2,618,394$ Amounts owing by associates21 $62,280$ $117,617$ $4,298$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ TOTAL ASSETS $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIES $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIES $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves25 $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ EquityShare capital $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves25 $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $ 311,829$ $ 312,2000$ $45,471$ $38,358$ $486$ $450,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$			18,803,489	18,827,722	20,023,418
Dividend receivable Other receivables, deposits and prepayments $2,551,500$ $2,551,500$ $-$ Other receivables, deposits and prepayments18 $11,773$ $11,773$ $17,971$ $413,013$ Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $2,280$ $117,617$ $2,618,394$ Amounts owing by associates21 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ 9,554,3659,084,063 $5,104,595$ TOTAL ASSETS $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital Reserves24 $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ LiabilitiesOther payables, deposits and accruals Amounts owing to subsidiaries $30$ $414,676$ $493,304$ $322,000$ $45,471$ $317,829$ $38,358$ Other payables, deposits and accruals Amounts owing to subsidiaries $30$ $460,633$ $414,676$ $322,000$ $45,471$ $38,358$ $486$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities TOTAL EQUITY $40,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$	Current assets				
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments1811,77317,971413,013Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $1,637,110$ $1,766,496$ $2,618,394$ Amounts owing by associates21 $62,280$ $117,617$ $4,298$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ 9,554,3659,084,063 $5,104,595$ TOTAL ASSETS $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves25 $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ LiabilitiesOther payables, deposits and accruals Amounts owing to subsidiaries $30$ $45,471$ $413,013$ $38,358$ $317,829$ $-322,000$ Provisions Tax liabilities $31$ $486$ $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities TOTAL EQUITY $400,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$	Other investments	13	-	1,200,000	-
prepayments18 $11,773$ $17,971$ $413,013$ Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $1,637,110$ $1,766,496$ $2,618,394$ Amounts owing by associates21 $62,280$ $117,617$ $4,298$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ 9,554,3659,084,063 $5,104,595$ TOTAL ASSETS $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves $25$ $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $-$ $322,000$ $317,829$ Other payables, deposits and accruals Amounts owing to subsidiaries Provisions $30$ $414,676$ $486$ $893,304$ $486$ $317,829$ $-$ $322,000$ Total liabilities $20$ $45,471$ $486$ $38,358$ $486$ $450,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$	Dividend receivable		2,551,500	2,551,500	-
Amounts owing by subsidiaries20 $1,637,110$ $1,766,496$ $2,618,394$ Amounts owing by associates21 $23$ $2,280$ $117,617$ $2,618,394$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b> $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ <b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b> $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves $25$ $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ <b>Equity attributable to owners of</b> the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $31$ $414,676$ $893,304$ $317,829$ Other payables, deposits and accruals $30$ $414,676$ $893,304$ $317,829$ Amounts owing to subsidiaries $20$ $45,471$ $38,358$ $153,255$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$	Other receivables, deposits and				
Amounts owing by associates21 $62,280$ $117,617$ $4,298$ Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b> $9,554,365$ $9,084,063$ $5,104,595$ <b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquity</b> Share capital $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves $25$ $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ <b>Equity attributable to owners of</b> the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $-7,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Current liabilities $20$ $-1322,000$ $-322,000$ $-1322,000$ Provisions $31$ $414,676$ $893,304$ $317,829$ Total liabilities $20$ $45,471$ $38,358$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$			· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cash and bank balances23 $5,291,702$ $3,430,479$ $2,068,890$ 9,554,3659,084,063 $5,104,595$ TOTAL ASSETS $28,357,854$ $27,911,785$ $25,128,013$ EQUITY AND LIABILITIESEquityShare capital $24$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ $49,277,066$ Reserves $25$ $(21,379,845)$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $20$ $ 322,000$ $-$ Other payables, deposits and accruals $30$ $414,676$ $893,304$ $317,829$ Amounts owing to subsidiaries $20$ $ 322,000$ $-$ Provisions $31$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$	<b>U I</b>				
Image: Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2"Colspan	<b>U</b> .		-		
TOTAL ASSETS       28,357,854       27,911,785       25,128,013         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       Equity         Share capital       24       49,277,066       49,277,066       49,277,066         Reserves       25       (21,379,845)       (22,619,429)       (24,620,623)         Equity attributable to owners of the parent       27,897,221       26,657,637       24,656,443         Liabilities       Other payables, deposits and accruals       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       153,255       486       486         460,633       1,254,148       471,570       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	Cash and bank balances	23			
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         Equity         Share capital       24       49,277,066       49,277,066       49,277,066         Reserves       25       (21,379,845)       (22,619,429)       (24,620,623)         Equity attributable to owners of the parent       27,897,221       26,657,637       24,656,443         Liabilities         Other payables, deposits and accruals       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20       -       322,000       -       -         Provisions       31       414,676       893,304       317,829       -         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570         TOTAL EQUITY       460,633       1,254,148       471,570			9,554,365	9,084,063	5,104,595
EquityShare capital Reserves $24$ $25$ $49,277,066$ $(21,379,845)$ $49,277,066$ $(22,619,429)$ $(24,620,623)$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Liabilities $27,897,221$ $26,657,637$ $24,656,443$ Current liabilities $30$ $414,676$ $322,000$ $45,471$ $38,358$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $486$ $317,829$ $-153,255$ $486$ Total liabilities $460,633$ $1,254,148$ $471,570$	TOTAL ASSETS		28,357,854	27,911,785	25,128,013
Share capital       24       49,277,066       49,277,066       49,277,066         Reserves       25       (21,379,845)       (22,619,429)       (24,620,623)         Equity attributable to owners of the parent       27,897,221       26,657,637       24,656,443         Liabilities       20       414,676       893,304       317,829         Other payables, deposits and accruals       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20       -       38,358       486       486         Yes       460,633       1,254,148       471,570       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Reserves       25       (21,379,845)       (22,619,429)       (24,620,623)         Equity attributable to owners of the parent       27,897,221       26,657,637       24,656,443         Liabilities       20       21,379,845       22,000       317,829         Other payables, deposits and accruals Amounts owing to subsidiaries       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       486       486       486         460,633       1,254,148       471,570       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	Equity				
Reserves       25       (21,379,845)       (22,619,429)       (24,620,623)         Equity attributable to owners of the parent       27,897,221       26,657,637       24,656,443         Liabilities       20       21,379,845       22,000       317,829         Other payables, deposits and accruals Amounts owing to subsidiaries       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       486       486         460,633       1,254,148       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	Share capital	24	49,277,066	49,277,066	49,277,066
the parent       27,897,221       26,657,637       24,656,443         Liabilities         Current liabilities         Other payables, deposits and accruals       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20       -       322,000       -         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       153,255         Tax liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	-	25			
Liabilities         Current liabilities         Other payables, deposits and accruals       30         Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20         Provisions       31         Tax liabilities       460,633         Total liabilities       460,633         Total liabilities       460,633         Total LEQUITY       471,570	Equity attributable to owners of				
Current liabilities       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20       -       322,000       -         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       153,255         Tax liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	the parent		27,897,221	26,657,637	24,656,443
Other payables, deposits and accruals       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20       -       322,000       -         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       486       486         Tax liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	Liabilities				
Other payables, deposits and accruals       30       414,676       893,304       317,829         Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20       -       322,000       -         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       486       486         Tax liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570	Current liabilities				
Amounts owing to subsidiaries       20       -       322,000       -         Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       153,255         Tax liabilities       486       486       486         460,633       1,254,148       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570         TOTAL EQUITY       460,633       1,254,148       471,570		30	414 676	893 304	317 829
Provisions       31       45,471       38,358       153,255         Tax liabilities       486       486       486         460,633       1,254,148       471,570         Total liabilities       460,633       1,254,148       471,570         TOTAL EQUITY       460,633       1,254,148       471,570			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
460,633         1,254,148         471,570           Total liabilities         460,633         1,254,148         471,570           TOTAL EQUITY         471,570         471,570	•		45,471		153,255
Total liabilities         460,633         1,254,148         471,570           TOTAL EQUITY         400,633         1,254,148         471,570	Tax liabilities		486	486	486
TOTAL EQUITY			460,633	1,254,148	471,570
			460,633	1,254,148	471,570
			28,357,854	27,911,785	25,128,013

Company No.: 409449-A

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY** FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

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-- Attributable to Owners of the Parent ---

V

			< Non-Distributable>	ributable> Fair Value				
		Share	Share	Adjustment	Accumulated		Non-controlling	Total
	Note	Capital RM	Premium RM	Reserve RM	Losses RM	Sub-total RM	Interests RM	Equity RM
At 1.12.2011		49,277,066	4,774,665	159,000	(13,075,460)	41,135,271	111,391	41,246,662
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		ı	ı	ı	4,121,609	4,121,609	235,628	4,357,237
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	10	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(24,925)	(24,925)
Premium paid on acquisition of non-controlling interests	10				(63,635)	(63,635)		(63,635)
At 30.11.2012		49,277,066	4,774,665	159,000	(9,017,486)	(9,017,486) 45,193,245	322,094	45,515,339
Total comprehensive income for								
the financial year		ı	ı	'	1,102,033	1,102,033	188,219	1,290,252
Dividends	33	ı	ı	ı	(1, 847, 890)	(1, 847, 890)	·	(1, 847, 890)
Dividends paid to non-controlling								
interests		ı	ı	ı	(18,000)	(18,000)	ı	(18,000)
Acquisition of non-controlling								
interests	10	'	ı	I	'		(136, 825)	(136, 825)
Discount received from acquisition of								
non-controlling interests	10	I			1,825	1,825	ı	1,825
At 30.11.2013		49,277,066	4,774,665	159,000	(9,779,518) 44,431,213	44,431,213	373,488	44,804,701

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

	Note	Share Capital RM	Non- < Distril Share Premium RM	outable> Fair Value Adjustment Reserve RM	Accumulated Losses RM	Total Equity RM
At 1.12.2011		49,277,066	4,774,665	159,000	(29,554,288)	24,656,443
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	2,001,194	2,001,194
At 30.11.2012		49,277,066	4,774,665	159,000	(27,553,094)	26,657,637
Total comprehensive income for the financial year Dividends	33	-	-	-	3,087,474 (1,847,890)	3,087,474 (1,847,890)
At 30.11.2013	55	49,277,066	4,774,665	159,000	(26,313,510)	27,897,221
				,	~ / / /	

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013 (cont'd)

		Gro	oup	Comp	oany
	NT 4	2013	2012	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Profit before tax		1,893,829	5,651,222	3,087,474	2,851,694
Adjustments for:-					
Amortisation of intangible assets		1	126,736	-	-
Bad debts written off		63,414	-	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		907,530	719,444	48,645	20,723
Dividend income from other investments		(33,023)	(69,533)	-	-
Dividend income from fixed income fund		(386,057)	(357,477)	(122,182)	(74,585)
Dividend income from associates		(102,000)	-	-	-
Development costs written off		-	1,236,605	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(173,658)	(142,891)	-	-
Gain on disposal of associates		-	-	(1)	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	10	(1,294)	-	(2)	-
Impairment loss on investment in subsidiaries		-	-	241,073	-
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment		94,686	70,997	-	7,049
Impairment loss on amounts owing by subsidiaries		-	-	2,602	-
Interest expense		421,062	175,418	-	-
Interest income		(306,815)	(354,367)	(9,489)	(5,545)
Inventories written off		-	59,416	-	-
Net provision/(reversal of provision) for employee			,		
benefits		4,528	(90,260)	7,113	(114,897)
Net fair value gain on held for trading investment		(66,257)	(16,565)	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off		3,156	-	-	-
Reversal of provision for warranty costs		(138,566)	(29,327)	-	-
Share of results of associates		(99,923)	(462,459)	-	-
Unrealised loss/(gain) on foreign exchange	_	32,484	(8,330)	-	-
Operating profit before working capital changes		2,113,097	6,508,629	3,255,233	2,684,439
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories		1,186,483	(23,817)	-	-
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables		7,080,890	(2,809,311)	6,198	(2,156,458)
(Decrease)/Increase in trade and other payables		(3,480,149)	597,092	(478,628)	575,475
Cash generated from operations	-	6,900,321	4,272,593	2,782,803	1,103,456
Interest paid		(421,062)	(175,418)	_	_
Interest received		306,815	354,367	- 9,489	5,545
Income tax refunded		78,598	501		5,575
Income tax paid		(449,598)	(752,371)	-	(850,500)
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· / /		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net cash from operating activities carried down		6,415,074	3,699,672	2,792,292	258,501

# AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013 (cont'd)

		Gr 2013	oup 2012	Comj 2013	pany 2012
	Note	2013 RM	2012 RM	2013 RM	RM
Net cash from operating activities brought down		6,415,074	3,699,672	2,792,292	258,501
Cash flows from investing activities		, ,	, ,	, ,	,
-	]		(1.705.220)		
Additions in intangible assets Additions in held for trading investments	13	(4,533,024)	(1,705,330) (257,670)	-	-
Additions in investment in subsidiaries	10	(135,000)	(88,560)	(135,000)	_
Additions in investment in associates	11	(45,002)	-	-	-
(Advances to)/Repayment from subsidiaries		-	-	(195,216)	1,173,898
Dividend income from other investments		33,023	69,533	-	-
Dividend income from fixed income fund		386,057	357,477	122,182	74,585
Dividend income from associates		102,000	-	-	-
Net cash flow on disposal of subsidiaries Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	10	(84)	-	2	-
equipment		400,652	259,032		
Proceeds from disposal of associates		400,032	239,032	- 1	-
Proceeds from disposal of other investments		1,200,000	_	1,200,000	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9	(1,326,259)	(15,774,417)	(130,485)	(32,076)
Repayment from/(to) associates		71,097	(134,168)	55,337	(113,319)
Withdrawal/(Placement) of pledged cash deposits		4,676,204	(1,203,065)	-	-
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities	-	829,664	(18,477,168)	916,821	1,103,088
Cash flows from financing activities	-				
Dividends paid		(1,847,890)	_	(1,847,890)	_
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(18,000)	-	-	-
Drawdown of term loan		-	8,000,000	-	-
Repayment of bankers' acceptance		(883,933)	(200,067)	-	-
Repayment of finance lease payables		(418,031)	(508,793)	-	-
Repayment of term loan		(659,461)	(51,448)	-	-
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	_	(3,827,315)	7,239,692	(1,847,890)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	•				
cash equivalents		3,417,423	(7,537,804)	1,861,223	1,361,589
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes		(11,920)	2,383	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the					
financial year	-	19,565,517	27,100,938	3,430,479	2,068,890
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the					
financial year	32	22,971,020	19,565,517	5,291,702	3,430,479

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

#### AMTEL HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30 NOVEMBER 2013

# 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is located at No. 7, Jalan PJS 7/19, Bandar Sunway, 47500 Subang Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 10. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution passed at the Board of Directors' meeting held on 20 March 2014.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the significant accounting policies in Note 3.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 November 2013 are the first set of financial statements prepared in accordance with the MFRSs, including MFRS 1 'First-time adoption of MFRSs'. In the previous financial year, the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards ("FRSs") in Malaysia.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. It also requires directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgements are based on the directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 2(d).

#### (b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int")

#### (i) Explanation of transition to MFRSs

In conjunction with the planned convergence of FRSs with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on 1 January 2012, the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") had on 19 November 2011 issued a new MASB approved accounting standards, MFRSs ("MFRSs Framework") for application in the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

The MFRSs Framework is mandatory for adoption by all Entities Other Than Private Entities for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012, with the exception of entities subject to the application of MFRS 141 *Agriculture* and/or IC Int 15 *Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate* ("Transitioning Entities"). The Transitioning Entities are given an option to defer adoption of the MFRSs framework, and continue to adopt the existing FRSs framework until the MFRSs framework is mandated by the MASB. Transitioning Entities also include those entities that consolidate or equity account or proportionately consolidate another entity that has chosen to continue to apply the FRSs framework for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

Accordingly, the Group and the Company which are not Transitioning Entities have adopted the MFRSs framework including MFRS 1 First-time adoption of MFRSs for the current financial year ended 30 November 2013.

MFRS 1 requires comparative information to be restated as if the requirements of MFRSs effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 have always been applied, except when MFRS 1 allows certain elective exemptions from such full retrospective application or prohibits retrospective application of some aspects of MFRSs. The Group and the Company have consistently applied the same accounting policies in its opening MFRSs statement of financial position as at 1 December 2011 (date of transition) and throughout all years presented, as if these policies had always been in effect.

As at 30 November 2011, all FRSs issued under the existing FRSs framework are equivalent to the MFRSs issued under MFRSs framework except for differences in relation to the transitional provisions, the adoption of MFRS 141 *Agriculture* and IC Int 15 *Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate* as well as differences in effective dates contained in certain of the existing FRSs.

The adoption of the MFRSs for the current financial year did not result in any changes in accounting policies and material adjustments to the Group's and the Company's statements of financial position, statements of comprehensive income and statements of cash flows which are reported in accordance with the previous FRSs.

(b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int") (cont'd)

# (ii) New, revised, amendments/improvements to accounting standards and IC Int that are issued, but not yet effective and have not been early adopted

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following new and revised MFRSs, amendments/ improvements to MFRSs, new IC Int and amendments to IC Int that have been issued the MASB as at the date of authorisation of these financial statements but are not yet effective for the Group and the Company:-

		Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
New MFRSs	5	
MFRS 9	Financial Instruments	To be announced by
		the MASB
MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2013
MFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	1 January 2013
MFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	1 January 2013
MFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	1 January 2013
Revised MF	RSs	
MFRS 119	Employee Benefits	1 January 2013
MFRS 127	Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2013
MFRS 128	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	1 January 2013
Amendment	s/Improvements to MFRSs	
MFRS 1	First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting	1 January 2013 and
	Standards	1 July 2014
MFRS 2	Share-based Payment	1 July 2014
MFRS 3	Business Combinations	1 July 2014
MFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2013 and
		applies when MFRS 9
		is applied
MFRS 8	Operating Segments	1 July 2014
MFRS 9	Financial Instruments	To be announced by
		the MASB
MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2013 and
		1 January 2014
MFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	1 January 2013
MFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	1 January 2013 and
		1 January 2014
MFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	1 July 2014
MFRS 101	Presentation of Financial Statements	1 July 2012 and
		1 January 2013
MFRS 116	Property, Plant and Equipment	1 January 2013
MFRS 119	Employee Benefits	1 July 2014
MFRS 124	Related Party Disclosures	1 July 2014

(b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int") (cont'd)

# (ii) New, revised, amendments/improvements to accounting standards and IC Int that are issued, but not yet effective and have not been early adopted (cont'd)

MFRS 127 MFRS 132	Separate Financial Statements Financial Instruments: Presentation	1 January 2014 1 January 2013 and 1 January 2014
MFRS 134	Interim Financial Reporting	1 January 2013
MFRS 136	Impairment of Assets	1 January 2014
MFRS 139	Financial Instruments: Recognition and	1 January 2014 and
	Measurement	applies when MFRS 9
		is applied
MFRS 140	Investment Property	1 July 2014
<u>New IC Int</u> IC Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a	1 January 2013
	Surface Mine	1.1. 0014
IC Int 21	Levies	1 January 2014
Amendments t IC Int 2	o IC Int Members' Shares in Co-operative Entities & Similar Instruments	1 January 2013

A brief discussion on the above significant new and revised MFRSs, amendments/ improvements to MFRSs, new IC Int and amendments to IC Int that are relevant to the Group and the Company are summarised below. Due to the complexity of these new standards, the financial effects of their adoption are currently still being assessed by the Group and the Company.

#### MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

MFRS 9 specifies how an entity should classify and measure financial assets and financial liabilities.

This standard requires all financial assets to be classified based on how an entity manages its financial assets (its business model) and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Financial assets are to be initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, depending on the business model under which these assets are acquired, they will be measured at either fair value or at amortised cost.

In respect of the financial liabilities, the requirements are generally similar to the former MFRS 139. However, this standard requires that for financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, changes in fair value attributable to the credit risk of that liability are to be presented in other comprehensive income, whereas the remaining amount of the change in fair value will be presented in the profit or loss.

- (b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int") (cont'd)
  - (ii) New, revised, amendments/improvements to accounting standards and IC Int that are issued, but not yet effective and have not been early adopted (cont'd)

# *MFRS 10* Consolidated Financial Statements and *MFRS 127* Separate Financial Statements (Revised)

MFRS 10 replaces the consolidation part of the former MFRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements. The revised MFRS 127 will deal only with accounting for investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in the separate financial statements of an investor and requires the entity to account for such investments either at cost, or in accordance with MFRS 9.

MFRS 10 brings about convergence between MFRS 127 and IC Int 12 Consolidation-Special Purpose Entities, which interprets the requirements of MFRS 10 in relation to special purpose entities. MFRS 10 introduces a new single control model to identify a parent-subsidiary relationship by specifying that "an investor controls an investee when the investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee". It provides guidance on situations when control is difficult to assess such as those involving potential voting rights, or in circumstances involving agency relationships, or where the investor has control over specific assets of the entity, or where the investee entity is designed in such a manner where voting rights are not the dominant factor in determining control.

#### MFRS 12 Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities

MFRS 12 is a single disclosure standard for interests in subsidiary companies, joint ventures, associated companies and unconsolidated structured entities. The disclosure requirements in this FRS are aimed at providing standardised and comparable information that enable users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, the entity's interests in other entities, and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

#### MFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

MFRS 13 defines fair value and sets out a framework for measuring fair value, and the disclosure requirements about fair value. This standard is intended to address the inconsistencies in the requirements for measuring fair value across different accounting standards. As defined in this standard, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

- (b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int") (cont'd)
  - (ii) New, revised, amendments/improvements to accounting standards and IC Int that are issued, but not yet effective and have not been early adopted (cont'd)

#### **Revised MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures**

This revised MFRS 128 incorporates the requirements for accounting for joint ventures into the same accounting standard as that for accounting for investments in associated companies, as the equity method was applicable for both investments in joint ventures and associated companies. However, the revised MFRS 128 exempts the investor from applying equity accounting where the investment in the associated company or joint venture is held indirectly via venture capital organizations or mutual funds and similar entities. In such cases, the entity shall measure the investment at fair value through profit or loss, in accordance with MFRS 9.

# Amendment to MFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards

Amendment to MFRS 1 relates to the IASB's Basis for Conclusions which is not an integral part of the Standard. The Basis for Conclusions clarify that a first-time adopter is permitted but not required to apply a new or revised Standard that is not yet mandatory but is available for early application.

#### Amendment to MFRS 3 Business Combinations

Amendment to MFRS 3 clarifies that when contingent consideration meets the definition of financial instrument, its classification as a liability or equity is determined by reference to MFRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation. It also clarifies that contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability shall be subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date and changes in fair value shall be recognised in profit or loss.

In addition, amendment to MFRS 3 clarifies that MFRS 3 excludes from its scope the accounting for the formation of all types of joint arrangements (as defined in MFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements*) in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

#### Amendment to MFRS 8 Operating Segments

Amendment to MFRS 8 requires an entity to disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments. This includes a brief description of the operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic indicators that have been assessed in determining that the aggregated operating segments share similar economic characteristics.

The amendment also clarifies that an entity shall provide reconciliations of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets if the segment assets are reported regularly to the chief operating decision maker.

- (b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int") (cont'd)
  - (ii) New, revised, amendments/improvements to accounting standards and IC Int that are issued, but not yet effective and have not been early adopted (cont'd)

# Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, MFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and MFRS 127 Separate Financial Statements

Amendment to MFRS 10 introduces an exception to the principle that all subsidiaries shall be consolidated. The amendment defines an investment entity and requires a parent that is an investment entity to measure its investment in particular subsidiaries at fair value thorough profit or loss in accordance with MFRS 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* instead of consolidating those subsidiaries in its consolidated financial statements. Consequently, new disclosure requirements related to investment entities are introduced in amendments to MFRS 12 and MFRS 127.

In addition, amendment to MFRS 127 also clarifies that if a parent is required, in accordance with paragraph 31 of MFRS 10, to measure its investment in a subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with MFRS139, it shall also account for its investment in that subsidiary in the same way in its separate financial statements.

#### Amendment to MFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

Amendment to MFRS 13 relates to the IASB's Basis for Conclusions which is not an integral part of the Standard. The Basis for Conclusions clarifies that when IASB issued IFRS 13, it did not remove the practical ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at invoice amounts without discounting, if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amendment also clarifies that the scope of the portfolio exception of MFRS 13 includes all contracts accounted for within the scope of MFRS 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* or MFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*, regardless of whether they meet the definition of financial assets or financial liabilities as defined in MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* 

#### Amendment to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendment to MFRS 101 introduces a grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss at future point in time have to be presented separately from items that will not be reclassified.

The amendment also clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information. An entity must include comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the minimum required comparative period. The amendment clarifies that the opening statement of financial position presented as a result of retrospective restatement or reclassification of items in financial statements does not have to be accompanied by comparative information in the related notes. As a result, the Group has not included comparative information in respect of the opening statement of financial position as at 1 January 2012.

- (b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int") (cont'd)
  - (ii) New, revised, amendments/improvements to accounting standards and IC Int that are issued, but not yet effective and have not been early adopted (cont'd)

Amendment to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements (cont'd)

The amendment also introduces new terminology, whose use is not mandatory, for the statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendment, the 'statement of comprehensive income' is renamed as the 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income'.

The above amendment affects presentation only and has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

#### Amendments to MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment and MFRS 138 Intangible Assets

Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 138 clarify the accounting for the accumulated depreciation/amortisation when an asset is revalued. It clarifies that:-

- the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset; and
- the accumulated depreciation / amortisation is calculated as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

#### Amendment to MFRS 124 Related Party Disclosures

Amendment to MFRS 124 clarifies that an entity providing key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity is a related party of the reporting entity.

#### Amendment to MFRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation

Amendment to MFRS 132 does not change the current offsetting model in MFRS 132. The amendment clarifies the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off', that the right of set-off must be available today (not contingent on a future event) and legally enforceable for all counterparties in the normal course of business. The amendment clarifies that some gross settlement mechanisms with features that are effectively equivalent to net settlement will satisfy the MFRS 132 offsetting criteria.

# Amendment to MFRS 136 Impairment of Assets

Amendment to MFRS 136 clarifies that disclosure of the recoverable amount (based on fair value less costs of disposal) of an asset or cash generating unit is required to be disclosed only when an impairment loss is recognised or reversed. In addition, there are new disclosure requirements about fair value measurement when impairment or reversal of impairment is recognised.

- (b) New, revised and amendments/improvements to accounting standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Int") (cont'd)
  - (ii) New, revised, amendments/improvements to accounting standards and IC Int that are issued, but not yet effective and have not been early adopted (cont'd)

#### Amendment to MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

Amendment to MFRS 139 provides relief from discontinuing hedge accounting in a situation where a derivative, which has been designated as a hedging instrument, is novated to effect clearing with a central counterparty as a result of laws or regulation, if specific conditions are met. As a result of the amendment, continuation of hedge accounting is permitted if as a consequence of laws or regulations, the parties to hedging instrument agree to have one or more clearing counterparties replace their original counterparty and the changes to the terms arising from the novation are consistent with the terms that would have existed if the novated derivative were originally cleared with the central counterparty.

#### Amendment to MFRS 140 Investment Property

Amendment to MFRS 140 clarifies that the determination of whether an acquisition of investment property meets the definition of both a business combination as defined in MFRS 3 and investment property as defined in MFRS 140 requires the separate application of both Standards independently of each other.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements of the Group and of the Company are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in RM has been rounded to nearest RM, unless otherwise stated.

#### (d) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements used in applying accounting principles that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:-

(i) Tax expense (Note 7) - significant judgement is required in determining the capital allowances and deductibility of certain expenses when estimating the provision for taxation. There were transactions during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination of whether additional taxes will be due is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for tax based on estimates of assessment of the tax liability due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax in the periods in which the outcome is known.

#### (d) Significant accounting estimates and judgements (cont'd)

- (ii) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment (Note 9) the cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis over the assets' useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these property, plant and equipment to be within 3 to 50 years. These are common life expectancies applied generally. Changes in the expected level of usage could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets resulting in revision of future depreciation charges.
- (iii) Useful lives of intangible assets (Note 12) the cost of intangible assets is amortised on a straight line basis over the assets' useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these intangible assets to be 5 years of their expected benefit. The amortisation period and amortisation method are reviewed at each reporting date.
- (iv) Capitalisation and amortisation of development expenditure (Note 12) The Group follows the guidance of *MFRS 138 Intangible Assets* in determining the amount and nature of development expenditure to be capitalised and its subsequent amortisation. The assessment of the capitalisation criteria as disclosed in Note 3(j)(i) requires ongoing estimates on the future outcome of the development projects. Any changes from the previous estimates will impact the initial and subsequent capitalisation of the development expenditure as well as its future amortisation charges.
- (v) Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets (Note 13) The Group classifies investment in unquoted shares and transferable club membership as available-for-sale financial assets and recognises movements in its fair value in equity. When there is a significant or prolonged decline in fair value below their cost, management determines whether it is an impairment that should be recognised in profit or loss. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement.
- (vii) Impairment loss on trade receivables (Note 17) The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a receivable is impaired. Allowances are applied where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectable. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of receivables at the reporting date.
- (viii) Provision for warranty costs (Note 31) provision for warranty costs is in respect of products sold under warranty by subsidiaries. A provision is recognised for expected warranty claims on products sold based on past experience. The assumptions used to calculate the provision for warranties were based on the sales made and past experience of warranty claims received.

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the audited financial statements of the company and all of its subsidiaries which are disclosed in Note 10 made up to the end of the financial year.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

All intra-group balances, transactions and resulting unrealised profits and losses (unless cost cannot be recovered) are eliminated on consolidation and the consolidated financial statements reflect external transactions only.

Subsidiaries are consolidated using the purchase method, from the date of acquisition being the date on which the Company obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed from a subsidiary are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition and these values are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Uniform accounting policies are adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Where the present ownership interests in the acquiree and it entitles the holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in the event of liquidation, the Group elects for each individual business combination, whether non-controlling interests in the acquisition is recognised on the acquisition date at fair value, or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

Any excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities represents goodwill.

Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Non-controlling interest represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from equity attributable to owners of the Company. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributable to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company owners' ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

## (b) Foreign currencies

#### (i) Foreign currencies transactions

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in Ringgit Malaysia using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated to the functional currencies at the exchange rates on the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items and on the translation of monetary items, are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the reporting date except for those that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

#### (b) Foreign currencies (cont'd)

#### (i) Foreign currencies transactions (cont'd)

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

#### (c) Revenue recognition

#### (i) Goods sold

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue is recognised upon delivery of goods and when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods.

#### (ii) Services

Revenue from services is recognised as and when the services are rendered and by reference to the stage of completion at the reporting date. Stage of completion is determined by reference to labour costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated labour costs for each contract. Where the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

#### (iii) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accrual basis.

#### (iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### (v) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

#### (vi) Management fee income

Management fee income is recognised on an accrual basis.

#### (d) Employee benefits

#### (i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions and bonuses are recognised as expenses in the financial year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and of the Company. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

# (ii) Defined contribution plan

As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the state pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Such contributions are recognised as expenses as incurred.

# (e) Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method, in the period in which they are incurred except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to be prepared for its intended use or sale.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

# (f) Leases

# (i) Finance lease – the Group as Lessee

Assets acquired by way of finance leases where the Group assumes substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership are classified as property, plant and equipment.

Finance lease are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a periodic constant rate of interest on the remaining balance. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in borrowings. The interest element of the finance charge is charged to the profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

#### (ii) Operating lease – the Group as Lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on the straight-line basis.

#### (f) Leases (cont'd)

#### (iii) Operating lease – the Group as Lessor

Assets leased out under operating leases are presented on the statements of financial position according to the nature of the assets. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### (g) Due from customer on contract

Where the outcome of a contract can be reliably estimated, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total contract costs.

Where the outcome of a contract cannot be reliably estimated, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

When the total costs incurred on the contracts plus, recognised profits (less recognised losses), exceeds progress billings, the balance is classified as amount due from customers on contracts. When progress billings exceed costs incurred plus, recognised profits (less recognised losses), the balance is classified as amount due to customers on contracts.

#### (h) Tax expense

Tax expense in profit or loss represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected amount payable in respect of taxable income for the financial year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date, and any adjustments recognised for prior years' tax. When an item is recognised outside profit or loss, the related tax effect is recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, on all temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the assets are realised or the liabilities are settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there are sufficient taxable temporary differences relating to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority to offset or when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will be available for the assets to be utilised.

#### (h) Tax expense (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition or the amount of any excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the acquisition cost.

#### (i) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognised as separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Leasehold land is depreciated over the lease term of 95 years. Freehold land is not depreciated. All other property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis to write off the cost of the property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognised as separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Leasehold land is depreciated over the lease term of 95 years. Freehold land is not depreciated. All other property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis to write off the cost of the property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives.

The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

Buildings	2%
Plant, machinery and tools	10% - 33.33%
Renovation, furniture, fixture, fittings, office	
equipment and electrical installation	10% - 33.33%
Motor vehicles	20%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at each reporting date to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the net carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (i) **Property, plant and equipment and depreciation** (cont'd)

Fully depreciated property, plant and equipment are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation is made in respect of these property, plant and equipment.

#### (j) Intangible assets

#### (i) Research and development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in profit and loss as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Group has sufficient resources to complete the development.

The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Other development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Development costs which are considered to have finite useful lives, are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised over the expected commercial lives of the underlying products. Amortisation is provided from the commencement of the commercial production of the product on the straight line basis over a period of 5 years. Impairment is assessed whenever there is an indication of impairment. The amortisation period and method are also reviewed at each reporting date.

Development costs in-progress is not amortised.

#### ii) License rights

License rights that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

These assets which are considered to have finite useful lives which will be amortised over the estimated useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Amortisation is provided from the commencement of the commercial production of the related product on the straight line basis over a period of 5 years. The amortisation period and amortisation method are reviewed at each reporting date.

#### (k) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use. Properties that are occupied by the companies within the Group are accounted for as owner's occupied rather than as investment properties.

The Group has adopted the cost method in measuring investment properties. Investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### (k) Investment properties (cont'd)

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed off or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (l) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity in which the Company has the power to exercise control over its financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable are taken into account.

Investments in subsidiaries, which are eliminated on consolidation, are stated at cost less impairment losses, unless the investments are classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Acquisition related costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which the costs are incurred. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

#### (m) Associates

An associate is defined as a company, not being a subsidiary, in which the Company has a long term equity interest and where it exercises significant influence over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associate are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment in associate is carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate. The Group's share of the net profit or loss of the associate is recognised in profit or loss. Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of such change.

In applying the equity method, unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise any additional impairment loss with respect to the Group's net investment in the associate. The associate is equity accounted for from the date the Group obtains significant influence until the date the Group ceases to have significant influence over the associate.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The most recent available audited financial statements of the associates are used by the Group in applying the equity method. Where the dates of the audited financial statements used are not coterminous with those of the Group, the share of results is arrived at from the last audited financial statements available and management financial statements to the end of the accounting period. Uniform accounting policies are adopted for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

#### (m) Associates (cont'd)

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associate are stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

#### (n) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than deferred tax assets and inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost to sell and the value in use, which is measured by reference to discounted future cash flows and is determined on an individual asset basis, unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs to. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an item of assets exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in profit or loss.

Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount due to a reversal of impairment loss is restricted to the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of accumulated depreciation, where applicable) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. The reversal of impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (o) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in-first-out basis. Cost includes the actual cost of materials and incidentals in bringing the inventories into store and for manufactured inventories, it also includes a portion of labour and relevant production overheads.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# (p) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and have categorised financial assets in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.
### (p) Financial assets (cont'd)

### (i) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at FVTPL if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets held for trading are derivatives (including separated embedded derivatives) or financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at FVTPL do not include exchange differences, interest and dividend income. Exchange differences, interest and dividend income on financial assets at FVTPL are recognised separately in profit or loss as part of other losses or other income.

Financial assets at FVTPL could be presented as current or non-current. Financial assets that are held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current whereas financial assets that are not held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current or non-current based on the settlement date.

The Group classifies the following financial assets as FVTPL:-

- investment in quoted shares; and
- investment in quoted unit trusts.

### (ii) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

### (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale are financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in financial assets at FVTPL, held-to-maturity investments and loans and receivables.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial asset are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

### (p) Financial assets (cont'd)

### (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets (cont'd)

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group classifies the following financial assets as available-for-sale:-

- investment in unquoted shares; and
- transferable club membership.

A financial asset is derecognised where the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases and sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### (q) Fair value estimation of unquoted equity securities

The fair values of unquoted equity securities that are not traded in an active market are determined by using a variety of methods and assumptions based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Where appropriate, quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used. Valuation techniques, such as discounted cash flow analyses, are also used to determine the fair value of securities. However, if the probabilities of various estimates cannot be reasonably measured, the Company is precluded from measuring the instruments at fair value, and the financial instruments are measured at cost.

### (r) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

### (i) Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### (ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Significant or prolonged decline in fair value below cost, significant financial difficulties of the issuer or obligor, and the disappearance of an active trading market are considerations to determine whether there is objective evidence that investment securities classified as available-for-sale financial assets are impaired.

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments are not reversed in profit or loss in the subsequent periods. Increase in fair value, if any, subsequent to impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss in profit or loss.

### (r) Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

### (iii) Unquoted equity securities carried at cost

If there is objective evidence (such as significant adverse changes in the business environment where the issuer operates, probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the issuer) that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent years.

### (s) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits, bank overdrafts and short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and cash deposit under lien.

### (t) Share capital

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments. Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

### (u) **Provisions**

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

### (v) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

### (v) Financial liabilities (cont'd)

### (i) Other financial liabilities

The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Loans and borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

### (w) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in profit or loss over the period of the guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relating to financial guarantee contract when it is due and the Group and the Company, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

### (x) Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent liabilities or assets are not recognised in the statements of financial positions.

### (y) Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. The operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which is the Managing Director of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

### 4. **OPERATING REVENUE**

Operating revenue of the Group and of the Company comprise the following:-

	Gr	oup	Com	pany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Sales of goods and services	37,325,064	53,945,913	-	-
Contract revenue	2,935,909	1,437,891	-	-
Management fees	187,925	182,073	1,189,269	1,167,647
Dividend income				
- subsidiaries			3,871,500	3,402,000
	40,448,898	55,565,877	5,060,769	4,569,647

### 5. COST OF SALES

Cost of sales of the Group comprises the following:-

	Gro	oup
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Cost of sales of goods and services	26,586,815	40,029,920
Contract costs	2,448,579	906,834
	29,035,394	40,936,754

# 6. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

Profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):-

	Gre	oup	Comp	oany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Amortisation of intangible assets	1	126,736	-	-
Auditors' remuneration:-				
- current year	81,600	74,000	28,000	25,500
- overprovision in prior		(50.5)		
financial year	-	(525)	-	-
- other services provided by auditors	10,000	0.000	10.000	0.000
of the Company Bad debts written off	10,000	8,000	10,000	8,000
	63,414	-	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and	007 520	710 444	10 615	20 722
equipment Development costs written off	907,530	719,444	48,645	20,723
Independent Non-executive	-	1,236,605	-	-
Directors' fees:-				
- Directors of the Company	188,000	188 000	152 000	152,000
Impairment loss on investment in	188,000	188,000	152,000	132,000
subsidiaries			241,073	
Impairment loss on amounts owing	-	-	241,075	-
by subsidiaries			2,602	
Impairment loss on property, plant	-	-	2,002	-
and equipment	94,686	70,997	_	7,049
Interest expense:-	74,000	10,771	-	7,047
- finance lease payables	50,934	50,299	_	_
- bankers' acceptance	25,263	60,337		-
- term loan	326,232	40,092	_	-
- bank overdrafts	14,263	17,716		-
- trust receipts	4,370	6,974	_	-
Inventories written off	-,570	59,416	_	-
Loss/(Gain) on foreign exchange:-		57,410		
- realised	10,962	63,333	-	-
- unrealised	32,484	(8,330)	_	_
Net provision/(reversal of provision)	52,101	(0,550)		
for employee benefits	4,528	(90,260)	7,113	(114,897)
Property, plant and equipment	<u> </u>	(		( ))
written off	3,156	-	-	-
Personnel expenses (including key	,			
management personnel):-				
- Contribution to Employees				
Provident Fund and social				
security contribution	477,903	536,380	72,819	96,543
- Salaries and others	5,188,071	6,110,593	1,035,984	1,118,252

# 6. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX** (cont'd)

Profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):-

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	2013 RM	2012 RM	2013 RM	2012 RM
Rental of motor vehicles	-	-	112,800	88,875
Rental income	(58,466)	(59,103)	-	-
Net fair value gain on held for				
trading investments	(66,257)	(16,565)	-	-
Dividend income:-				
- associates	(102,000)	-	-	-
- fixed income fund	(386,057)	(357,477)	(122,182)	(74,585)
- other investments	(33,023)	(69,533)	-	-
- subsidiaries	-	-	(3,871,500)	(3,402,000)
Gain on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	(173,658)	(142,891)	-	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(1,294)	-	(2)	-
Gain on disposal of associates	-	-	(1)	-
Interest income	(306,815)	(354,367)	(9,489)	(5,545)
Rental of premises	523,156	518,309	80,900	78,900
Reversal of provision for warranty				
costs	(138,566)	(29,327)	-	-

Included in personnel expenses are the aggregate amounts of remuneration received and receivable by the Executive Directors of the Company and of its subsidiaries during the financial year as follows:-

	Gro	up	Comp	oany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Executive directors of the Company:-				
- fees	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000
- other emoluments	644,923	869,183	549,850	776,511
Executive directors of the subsidiaries:-				
- fees	-	40,000	-	-
- other emoluments	748,279	913,387	-	-

### 6. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX** (cont'd)

Estimated monetary value of the Executive Directors' benefits-in-kind in respect of utilisation of the Group's and of the Company's property, plant and equipment are as follows:-

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Executive Directors of the:-				
- Company	37,450	33,083	37,450	33,083
- Subsidiaries	46,516	43,350		-

### 7. TAX EXPENSE

	Gro	up	Com	pany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Current tax expense:-				
Malaysian income tax:-				
- Current year	596,000	647,947	-	850,000
- (Over)/Underprovision				
in prior financial year	(55,068)	932		
	540,932	648,879	-	850,000
Deferred tax expense:-				
- Relating to origination and				
reversal of temporary				
differences	77,200	662,606	-	-
- Effect of changes in tax				
rate on opening balance	(11,000)			
of deferred tax	(11,600)	-	-	-
- Overprovision in prior	(2.055)	(17,500)		
financial year	(2,955)	(17,500)	-	-
	62,645	645,106		
Tax expense	603,577	1,293,985		850,000

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory income tax rate of 25% (2012: 25%) of the estimated assessable profit for the financial year. The domestic statutory income tax rate will be reduced to 24% from the current year's rate of 25% with effect from the year of assessment 2016. The computation of deferred tax as at 30 November 2013 has reflected these changes.

### 7. TAX EXPENSE (cont'd)

The reconciliation from the tax amount at statutory income tax rate to the Group's and the Company's tax expense are as follows:-

	Gro	up	Com	oany
	2013 RM	2012 RM	2013 RM	2012 RM
Profit before tax	1,893,829	5,651,222	3,087,427	2,851,694
Tax at the Malaysian statutory				
income tax rate of 25%	473,500	1,412,800	771,900	712,900
Tax effect of non-taxable				
income	(510,900)	(412,947)	(1,000,800)	(21,300)
Tax effect of non-deductible				
expenses	327,200	504,700	135,700	180,700
Deferred tax assets not				
recognised during the				
financial year	384,500	45,600	93,200	-
Deferred tax recognised				
at different tax rate	2,700	-	-	-
Effect of changes in tax rate on				
opening balance of deferred tax	(11,600)	-	-	-
Utilisation of previously				
unrecognised deferred				
tax assets	(3,800)	(239,600)	-	(21,800)
Under/(Over) provision in prior				
financial year:-				
- current tax expense	(55,068)	932	-	-
- deferred tax expense	(2,955)	(17,500)		
Tax expense	603,577	1,293,985		850,500

The Company has an estimated unabsorbed capital allowances and unutilised tax losses of RM966,100 (2012: RM834,200) and RM971,200 (2012: RM654,100) respectively, available for set-off against future taxable profits.

The Group has an estimated unabsorbed capital allowances and unutilised tax losses of RM2,726,500 (2012: RM2,470,100) and RM7,185,600 (2012: RM5,903,600) respectively, available for set-off against future taxable profits.

### 7. TAX EXPENSE (cont'd)

Tax savings during the financial year arising from:-

	Grou	սթ	Compan	ıy
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Utilisation of current financial				
year tax losses	25,700	11,408	-	-
Utilisation of previously				
unutilised tax losses		472,100		

The Company has an estimated balance in the tax exempt income account of RM1,639,000 (2012: RM1,639,000) available for distribution by way of tax exempt dividend which arose from the followings:-

- (i) chargeable income amounted to RM617,000 (2012: RM617,000) of which tax had been waived in accordance with the Income Tax (Amendment) Act, 1999; and
- (ii) tax exempt dividends received amounted to approximately RM1,022,000 (2012: RM1,022,000).

### 8. EARNINGS PER SHARE (SEN)

Basic earnings per share of the Group is calculated based on the profit attributable to owners of the parent of RM1,102,033 (2012: RM4,121,609) divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of RM1 each in issue during the financial year of 49,277,066 (2012: 49,277,066) ordinary shares.

The diluted earnings per share is equivalent to the basic earnings per share as the Company does not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares.

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# 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Freehold Land RM	Long Term Leasehold Land RM	Buildings RM	Plant, Machinery and Tools RM	Renovation, Furniture, Fixture, Fittings, Office Equipment and Electrical Installation RM	Motor Vehicles RM	Total RM
Cost							
At 1.12.2012 Additions	8,530,666 -	32,220 -	7,411,667 107.163	687,296 475,000	2,994,475 720.133	2,990,463 135.463	22,646,787 1,437,759
Disposals Written off	(23,666) -	(32,220) -	(131,753)	(2,000) (78,876)	(582,144) (582,144)	(613,559)	(856,911) (661,020)
At 30.11.2013	8,507,000		7,387,077	1,081,420	3,078,751	2,512,367	22,566,615
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Loss At 1.12.2012							
Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment loss		1,994 -	90,123 -	652,082 -	2,644,627 70,997	1,685,471 -	5,074,297 70,997
	'	1,994	90,123	652,082	2,715,624	1,685,471	5,145,294
Charge for the financial year	I	ı	146,221	16,153	319,871	425,285	907,530
Disposals	ı	(1,994)	(24, 193)	(1,999)	(29,633)	(572,098)	(629,917)
Written off	ı	I	I	(78,868)	(578,996)	ı	(657,864)
Impairment loss At 30.11.2013	ı		•	•	94,080		94,080
Accumulated depreciation	I		212,151	587,368	2,355,869	1,538,658	4,694,046
Accumulated impairment loss	'				165,683	1	165,683
	,		212,151	587,368	2,521,552	1,538,658	4,859,729
Net Carrying Amount	000 203 0		900 121 2	01 050	001 222	073 700	988 90L L1
C107.11.0C 14	000,100,0		1,114,720	474,032	961,100	601,016	1/,/00,000

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	Freehold L and	Long Term Leasehold Land	Ruildings	Plant, Machinery and Tools	Renovation, Furniture, Fixture, Fittings, Office Equipment and Electrical Installation	M otor Vehicles	Total
Group Cost	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 1.12.2011 Additions Disposals	63,666 8,467,000 -	32,220 - -	355,950 7,055,717 -	715,296 - (28,000)	$\begin{array}{c} 2,791,778\\ 210,176\\ (7,479)\end{array}$	2,621,489 906,024 (537,050)	6,580,399 16,638,917 (572,529)
At 30.11.2012	8,530,666	32,220	7,411,667	687,296	2,994,475	2,990,463	22,646,787
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Loss							
At 1.12.2011 Charge for the financial vear		1,662 332	59,672 30.451	667,645 8.237	2,372,810 278.776	1,709,452 401.648	4,811,241 719,444
Disposals Impairment loss			1 1	(23,800)	(6,959) 70,997	(425,629)	(456,388) 70,997
At 30.11.2012							
Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment loss		1,994 -	90,123 -	652,082 -	2,644,627 70,997	1,685,471 -	5,074,297 70,997
	ı	1,994	90,123	652,082	2,715,624	1,685,471	5,145,294
Net Carrying Amount At 30.11.2012	8,530,666	30,226	7,321,544	35,214	278,851	1,304,992	17,501,493
At 1.12.2011	63,666	30,558	296,278	47,651	418,968	912,037	1,769,158

Company No.: 409449-A 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont<sup>2</sup> d) 47

# 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

	Furniture, Fixture, Fittings and Office Equipment	Renovation	Total
Company	RM	RM	RM
Cost			
At 1.12.2012 Additions	166,227 130,485	63,787	230,014 130,485
At 30.11.2013	296,712	63,787	360,499
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 1.12.2012 Charge for the financial year	128,712 48,645	63,787	192,499 48,645
At 30.11.2013	177,357	63,787	241,144
Net Carrying Amount			
At 30.11.2013	119,355	-	119,355
Cost			
At 1.12.2011 Additions	134,151 32,076	63,787	197,938 32,076
At 30.11.2012	166,227	63,787	230,014
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Loss			
At 1.12.2011	100,940	63,787	164,727
Charge for the financial year Impairment loss	20,723	-	20,723
	7,049	-	7,049
At 30.11.2012	128,712	63,787	192,499
Net Carrying Amount			
At 30.11.2012	37,515	-	37,515
At 1.12.2011	33,211	_	33,211

### 9. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (cont'd)

Included in property, plant and equipment are motor vehicles acquired under finance lease arrangement as follows:-

	Group				
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM		
Cost					
Motor vehicles	1,688,833	2,223,133	1,854,159		
Net Carrying Amount					
Motor vehicles	953,148	1,303,740	910,202		

During the financial year, the Group and the Company acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of RM1,437,759 (2012: RM16,638,917) and RM130,485 (2012: RM32,076) respectively which are satisfied by the following:-

	Gr	oup	Com	bany
	2013 RM	2012 RM	2013 RM	2012 RM
Cash payments Finance lease arrangement	1,326,259 111,500	15,774,417 864,500	130,485	32,076
	1,437,759	16,638,917	130,485	32,076

Freehold land and building of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of RM15,462,368 (2012: RM15,497,148; 1.12.2011: RM nil) are pledged as security for term loan as disclosed in Note 26. This is in respect of the freehold industrial land held under GRN 215183, Lot 61789 (formerly held under HS(D) 225947, PT 99), Bandar Glenmarie, District of Petaling, State of Selangor Darul Ehsan together with a three storey office warehouse building. Subsequent to the financial year end, negotiation and other efforts to sell this property, which is classified as property, plant and equipment in the Others segment, is in progress.

Property, plant and equipment of a subsidiary amounting to RM726,290 (2012: RM840,217; 1.12.2011: RM748,069) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

### **10. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES**

	Company		
	2013 RM	2012 RM	
Unquoted shares			
At cost,			
At beginning of the financial year	26,279,373	26,279,373	
Addition	135,000	-	
Disposal	(94,501)		
At end of the financial year	26,319,872	26,279,373	
Less: Accumulated impairment loss			
At beginning of the financial year	(7,739,166)	(7,739,166)	
Addition	(241,073)	-	
Disposal	94,501	-	
At end of the financial year	(7,885,738)	(7,739,166)	
	18,434,134	18,540,207	

Investment in subsidiaries of a subsidiary amounting to RM768,560 (2012: RM768,560; 1.12.2011: RM680,000) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

Details of the subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:-

Name of Company	Effective Equity Interest				Lincourve		211000110		211000110		211000110		Principal Activities
	2013	2012											
Held by the Company													
Amtel Cellular Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Distribution of telematics products and trading of electronic and telecommunication related products.										
Amtel Communications Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Trading of telecommunication related products.										
Amtel Group Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Investment holding and provision of management services to its related companies.										
Ideal Move Capital Sdn. Bhd.	-	100%	Money lending.										
Metrarama Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Property investment and investment holding.										
Amtel Resources Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Contractor for installation, jointing and testing of utilities, telecommunication and fibre optic cables and associated civil works.										

### **10. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES** (cont'd)

Name of Company	<b>Equity Interest</b>		Equity Interest Principal Activitie		Principal Activities
	2013	2012			
Held by the Company (cont'd)					
AAV Industries Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing, installation and distribution of vehicles products related accessories and telematics systems.		
Topweb Sdn. Bhd.	100%	50.25%	Dormant.		
Amtel Technology Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Dormant.		
Held through Amtel Cellular Sdn. Bhd.					
Amnavi Sdn. Bhd.	85%	85%	Geographical Information System (GIS) and related products' research and development.		

### (a) Acquisition of non-controlling interests

On 31 October 2013, the Company acquired the remaining 49.75% equity interest in Topweb Sdn. Bhd. ("TWSB") for a cash consideration of RM135,000. Consequently, TWSB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The difference between the considerations and the carrying value of the interest acquired of RM136,825 is reflected in equity as discount received from acquisition of non-controlling interests.

In the previous financial year, the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, Amtel Cellular Sdn. Bhd. ("AMCSB"), acquired an additional 16% and 1% equity interest respectively in Amnavi Sdn. Bhd. ("AMV") from its non-controlling interests for cash consideration of RM73,500 and RM15,060 respectively. As a result of these acquisitions, AMCSB holds 85% equity interest in AMV. On the date of acquisition, the carrying value of the additional interest acquired was RM20,758 and RM4,167 respectively. The difference between the considerations and the carrying value of the interest acquired of RM52,742 and RM10,893 are reflected in equity as premium paid on acquisition of non-controlling interests.

### (b) Disposal of subsidiaries

On 11 July 2013, the Company disposed of its entire shareholding comprising 100,000 ordinary shares representing 100% equity interests in Ideal Move Capital Sdn. Bhd. ("IMCSB") for a cash consideration of RM2. Following the disposal, IMCSB ceased to be the subsidiary of the Company.

# 10. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

### (b) Disposal of subsidiaries (cont'd)

The disposal had the following effects on the financial position of the Group as at the end of the financial year:-

	2013 RM
Cash and bank balances Accruals	86 (1,378)
Net liabilities disposed Total disposal proceeds	(1,292) (2)
Gain on disposal to the Group	(1,294)
Cash consideration Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiaries disposed	2 (86)
Net cash outflow arising on disposal	(84)

### 11. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

	Gro	oup	Company		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Unquoted shares At cost,	RM	RM	RM	RM	
At beginning of the financial year Additions	64,559 45,002	64,559 -	819,371	819,371	
Less: Dividend received out of pre-acquisition profits	<u> </u>		(819,371)	(819,371)	
At end of the financial year	109,561	64,559	-	-	
Share of results of associates					
At beginning of the financial year Current year share of results	735,536 99,923	273,077 462,459	-	- -	
At end of the financial year	835,459	735,536		-	
	945,020	800,095		-	
The Group's investment in associates is reprensented by:- Group's share of net assets	945,020	800,095			

### 11. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd)

The summarised financial information of the associates are as follows:-

	Group	
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Assets and Liabilities		
Total assets	3,947,870	3,982,395
Total liabilities	1,401,274	1,686,408
Results		
Operating revenue	6,945,743	8,020,000
Profit net of tax	258,609	1,025,814

The details of the associates, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:-

Name of Company	Effective Equity Interest		Equity Interest		211000110		Principal Activities
Held by the Company	2013	2012					
Amtel Networks Sdn. Bhd.	#	40%	Contractor for installation, jointing and testing of utilities, telecommunication and fibre optic cables and associated civil works.				
Held through Amtel Cellular Sdn. Bhd.							
Milan Utama Sdn. Bhd.	35%	35%	Trading and distribution of telecommunication products, telematics products and information computer technology products, project implementation and management services.				
Held through Amtel Resources Sdn. Bhd.							
Amtel Networks Sdn. Bhd.	45%	#	Contractor for installation, jointing and testing of utilities, telecommunication and fibre optic cables and associated civil works.				

# On 29 April 2013, the Company disposed of its entire shareholding in Amtel Networks Sdn. Bhd. ("ANSB") comprising 200,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each to the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Amtel Resources Sdn. Bhd. ("ARSB") for a cash consideration of RM1.

On the same date, ARSB acquired an additional 5% equity interest in ANSB comprising 25,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each for a cash consideration of RM1 from an existing shareholder of ANSB. As a result of this acquisition, ARSB holds 45% equity interest in ANSB.

On 2 May 2013, ANSB increased its paid up share capital from 500,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each to 600,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each whereby ARSB has proportionately subscribed for its 45% equity interest comprising 45,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each for a cash consideration of RM45,000.

### 11. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd)

Investment in associates of a subsidiary amounting to RM388,800 (2012: RM388,800; 1.12.2011: RM388,800) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

### **12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

INTANGIBLE ASSETS			Development	
	License rights RM	Development costs RM	Development costs in-progress RM	Total RM
Group				
Cost				
At 1.12.2012/30.11.2013	320,000	630,504	1,985,855	2,936,359
Accumulated				
Amortisation				
At 1.12.2012	319,999	630,504	-	950,503
Amortisation for the				
financial year	1	-	-	1
At 30.11.2013	320,000	630,504	-	950,504
Net carrying amount				
At 30.11.2013	-	-	1,985,855	1,985,855
Cost				
At 1.12.2011	320,000	630,504	1,517,130	2,467,634
Addition	-	-	1,705,330	1,705,330
Written off	-	-	(1,236,605)	(1,236,605)
At 30.11.2012	320,000	630,504	1,985,855	2,936,359
Accumulated				
Amortisation				
At 1.12.2011	277,330	546,437	-	823,767
Amortisation for the				
financial year	42,669	84,067	-	126,736
At 30.11.2012	319,999	630,504	-	950,503
Net carrying amount				
At 30.11.2012	1	-	1,985,855	1,985,856
At 1.12.2011	42,670	84,067	1,517,130	1,643,867

The license rights of the Global Positioning System Software Engine and the development costs relating to the In-Car Navigation System have been fully amortised as at the financial year end and are still in used.

### 12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (cont'd)

Development costs in-progress relates to the progress payment made for the development of a navigation software engine which has yet to be completed as at the financial year end.

Intangible assets of a subsidiary amounting to RM1,985,855 (2012: RM1,985,855; 1.12.2011: RM1,601,197) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

### **13. OTHER INVESTMENTS**

	Group				
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM		
Non-current					
Available-for-sale investments					
At fair value, - Transferable club membership	250,000	250,000	250,000		
At cost, - Unquoted shares			1,200,000		
Total non-current investments	250,000	250,000	1,450,000		
Current					
Available-for-sale investments					
At fair value, - Unquoted shares	-	1,200,000	-		
<u>Held for trading investments</u> At fair value,					
<ul><li> Quoted shares</li><li> Quoted unit trusts</li></ul>	480,370 4,533,024	414,113	139,878 4,155,835		
	5,013,394	414,113	4,295,713		
Total current investments	5,013,394	1,614,113	4,295,713		
At market value, - Quoted investments	5,013,394	414,113	4,295,713		

Investment in quoted unit trusts is redeemable upon one day notice and bears dividend yield at a rate of 3.35% (2012: nil; 1.12.2011: 3.01%) per annum as at the financial year end.

# 13. OTHER INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

	Company		
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Non-current			
Available-for-sale investments			
At fair value, - Transferable club membership	250,000	250,000	250,000
At cost,			
- Unquoted shares			1,200,000
Total non-current investments	250,000	250,000	1,450,000
Current <u>Available-for-sale investments</u> At fair value,			
- Unquoted shares		1,200,000	

### **14. INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

		Group		
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM	
Freehold land				
- At cost	168,717	168,717	168,717	
- At fair value	290,730	263,800	263,800	

Investment property of a subsidiary amounting to RM168,717 (2012: RM168,717; 1.12.2011: RM168,717) has been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

### **15. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS**

	Group	
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year	-	361,500
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 7)		(361,500)
At end of the financial year		

### 15. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (cont'd)

This is in respect of estimated deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from the following temporary differences:-

	Group	
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Differences between the carrying amounts of property,		
plant and equipment and their tax base	-	7,700
Taxable temporary differences in respect of income		(7,700)

In the prior financial year, the deferred tax assets recognised in the financial statements was in respect of unutilised tax losses and other deductible temporary differences of a subsidiary which can be utilised to set-off against probable future taxable income based on profit forecast for the next three financial years.

The estimated temporary differences for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised in the financial statements are as follows:-

	Group		Com	pany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Unutilised tax losses	7,185,600	5,903,600	971,200	654,100
Unabsorbed capital allowances	2,726,500	2,470,100	966,100	834,200
Deductible temporary differences				
in respect of expenses	65,300	39,700	45,300	38,400
Differences between the carrying amounts of property, plant and				
equipment and their tax base	120,200	135,400	(112,400)	(29,300)
	10,097,600	8,548,800	1,870,200	1,497,400

The estimated unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are not available for set-off within the Group and the Company.

### **16. INVENTORIES**

		Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
At cost,			
Trading goods	673,895	1,860,378	1,895,977

Inventories of a subsidiary amounting to RM671,562 (2012: RM1,851,189; 1.12.2011: RM1,797,788) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

### **17. TRADE RECEIVABLES**

	Group		As at
	2013 RM	2012 RM	1.12.2011 RM
Third parties	8,875,352	16,169,357	11,578,526
Less: Allowance for impairment loss		(302,536)	(305,053)
	8,875,352	15,866,821	11,273,473

Trade receivables of a subsidiary amounting to RM7,188,506 (2012: RM14,444,579; 1.12.2011: RM9,706,216) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

### (a) Credit terms of trade receivables

The Group's normal trade credit terms extended to customers range from 30 to 90 days (2012: 30 to 90 days; 1.12.2011: 30 to 90 days).

### 17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

### (b) Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables at reporting date is as follows:-

	Group		
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Neither past due nor impaired	7,609,778	14,586,531	9,755,391
<ul><li>1 to 30 days past due not impaired</li><li>31 to 60 days past due not impaired</li><li>61 to 90 days past due not impaired</li><li>More than 91 days past due not impaired</li></ul>	853,172 - 84,345 328,057	155,296 150,000 149,000 825,994	178,300 206,000 388,785 744,997
Impaired	1,265,574 	1,280,290 302,536 16,169,357	1,518,082 305,053 11,578,526

### Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records and mostly are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group.

None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

### Receivables that are past due but not impaired

Trade receivables of the Group amounting to RM1,265,574 (2012: RM1,280,290; 1.12.2011: RM1,518,082) which are past due but not impaired because there have been no significant changes in credit quality of the debtors and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

### Receivables that are impaired

The movement in the allowance accounts used to record the impairment is as follows:-

	Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM
As at beginning of the financial year Bad debts written off	302,536 (302,536)	305,053 (2,517)
As at end of the financial year		302,536

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

### 18. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

		Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Other receivables	96,370	52,138	1,036,707
Deposits	271,081	468,567	239,538
Prepayments	468,150	467,731	1,496,228
	835,601	988,436	2,772,473
		Company	• •
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Other receivables	-	-	400,652
Deposits	2 ( 10	2,640	2,280
	2,640	2,040	2,200
Prepayments	2,640 9,133	15,331	10,081

Included in prepayments of the Group is an amount of RM360,914 (2012: RM352,990; 1.12.2011: RM1,318,573) being advances to suppliers for purchase of trading goods.

As at 1 December 2011, included in other receivables of the Group and of the Company was an amount of RM399,979 receivable from the purchaser for the disposal of 32% equity interest in an associate, Permata Makmur Sdn. Bhd. and an amount of RM565,675 being balance of the proceeds receivable from the purchaser for the disposal of freehold land held by a wholly-owned subsidiary, Amtel Resources Sdn. Bhd..

Other receivables, deposits and prepayments of a subsidiary amounting to RM586,004 (2012: RM506,433; 1.12.2011: RM1,554,771) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

### 19. TAX ASSETS

This is in respect of tax recoverable from the Inland Revenue Board.

### 20. AMOUNTS OWING BY/(TO) SUBSIDIARIES

These amounts owing by/(to) subsidiaries are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand in cash.

	Company		
	2013 RM	2012 RM	
Amounts owing by subsidiaries	19,233,247	19,360,031	
Less: Allowance for impairment loss At beginning of the financial year Charge for the financial year At end of the financial year	17,593,535 2,602 (17,596,137) 1,637,110	17,593,535 - (17,593,535) 1,766,496	
Amounts owing to subsidiaries		(322,000)	

### 21. AMOUNTS OWING BY ASSOCIATES

These amounts are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand in cash.

## 22. CASH DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED BANKS

Cash deposits with licensed banks of the Group bear effective interest at rates ranging from 1.90% to 3.6% (2012: 1.90% to 3.2%; 1.12.2011: 1.75% to 3.2%) per annum as at the financial year end with maturity period ranging from 1 day to 365 days (2012: 1 day to 365 days; 1.12.2011: 1 day to 365 days).

Included in the deposits of the Group is an amount of RM2,443,173 (2012: RM7,119,377; 1.12.2011: RM5,916,312) pledged as security for banking facilities granted to subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 26.

### 23. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group	
2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
11,314,858	13,461,037	5,132,742
9,241,173	4,286,246	14,438,192 19,570,934
	<b>RM</b> 11,314,858	2013         2012           RM         RM           11,314,858         13,461,037           9,241,173         4,286,246

### 23. CASH AND BANK BALANCES (cont'd)

		Company	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Fixed income fund with a licensed fund management company Cash at banks and in hand	3,788,538 1,503,164	3,316,356 114,123	281,771 1,787,119
	5,291,702	3,430,479	2,068,890

The fixed income fund is redeemable upon 7 days notice and bears dividend yield at rates ranging from 2.68% to 2.83% (2012: 2.60% to 2.70%; 1.12.2011: 2.65% to 2.92%) per annum as at the financial year end.

Cash and bank balances of a subsidiary amounting to RM12,017,817 (2012: RM8,133,227; 1.12.2011: RM8,352,030) have been pledged as security for banking facilities granted to a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

The foreign currency exposure of cash at banks and in hand of the Group is as follows:-

		Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
United States Dollars ("USD")	104,445	116,502	294,131
Singapore Dollars ("SGD")	104,032	108,336	106,289

### 24. SHARE CAPITAL

	(	Group/Company	ý
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Ordinary shares of RM1 each:-			
Authorised 100,000,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
Issued and fully paid 49,277,066 ordinary shares of RM1 each	49,277,066	49,277,066	49,277,066

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

### 25. RESERVES

		Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Non-distributable:-			
- Share premium	4,774,665	4,774,665	4,774,665
- Fair value adjustment			
reserve	159,000	159,000	159,000
Distributable:-			
Accumulated losses	(9,779,518)	(9,017,486)	(13,075,460)
	(4,845,853)	(4,083,821)	(8,141,795)
		Company	
	2013 RM	Company 2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Non-distributable:-		2012	1.12.2011
<b>Non-distributable:-</b> - Share premium - Fair value adjustment		2012	1.12.2011
	RM	2012 RM	1.12.2011 RM
<ul><li>Share premium</li><li>Fair value adjustment</li></ul>	<b>RM</b> 4,774,665	<b>2012</b> <b>RM</b> 4,774,665	<b>1.12.2011</b> <b>RM</b> 4,774,665
<ul> <li>Share premium</li> <li>Fair value adjustment reserve</li> </ul>	<b>RM</b> 4,774,665	<b>2012</b> <b>RM</b> 4,774,665	<b>1.12.2011</b> <b>RM</b> 4,774,665 159,000

### (a) Share premium

Share premium arose from the issue of ordinary shares and can be utilised for distribution to the members of the Company by way of bonus share issue.

### (b) Fair value adjustment reserve

Fair value adjustment reserve represents the cumulative fair value changes of available-for-sale financial assets until they are disposed off or impaired.

# 26. BANK BORROWINGS

		Group	
Non-current	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Secured			
Term loan	6,603,396	7,311,224	
Current			
Secured			
Bank overdrafts Bankers' acceptance Term loan	78,567 219,000 685,695	55,970 1,102,933 637,328	12,539 1,303,000
Total current borrowings	983,262	1,796,231	1,315,539
Total borrowings	7,586,658	9,107,455	1,315,539

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# 26. BANK BORROWINGS (cont'd)

The maturity profile of bank borrowings of the Group is as follows:-

Group	Carrying amount RM	Within 1 year RM	1-2 years RM	2-3 years RM	3-4 years RM	4-5 years RM	Over 5 years RM
2013 Secured							
Term loan Bank overdrafts Bankers' acceptance	7,289,091 78,567 219,000	685,695 78,567 219,000	715,768 - -	747,160 - -	779,928 - -	814,134 - -	3,546,406 - -
	7,586,658	983,262	715,768	747,160	779,928	814,134	3,546,406
2012 Secured							
Term loan Bank overdrafts	7,948,552 55,970	637,328 55,970	674,159 -	710,990 -	747,822 -	784,653 -	4,393,600 -
Bankers' acceptance	1,102,933	1,102,933			ı		'
	9,107,455	1,796,231	674,159	710,990	747,822	784,653	4,393,600
As at 1.12.2011 Secured							
Bank overdrafts Bankers' acceptance	12,539 1,303,000	12,539 1,303,000				1 1	
	1,315,539	1,315,539	ı				ı

### 26. BANK BORROWINGS (cont'd)

The term loan bears effective interest at a rate of 4.3% (2012: 4.3%; 1.12.2011: nil) per annum and secured by the followings:-

- (a) legal charge over the freehold land and building as mentioned in Note 9;
- (b) first party open monies deed of assignment; and
- (c) corporate guarantee of the Company.

The bank overdrafts and bankers' acceptance facilities are repayable on demand and within one year respectively, and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.50% to 7.00% (2012 : 3.38% to 7.00%; 1.12.2011: 6.94% to 7.50%) per annum.

These facilities are secured and supported by the followings:-

- (a) debentures comprising fixed and floating charges over all present and future assets and undertakings of a subsidiary;
- (b) cash deposits with licensed banks of certain subsidiaries; and
- (c) corporate guarantee of the Company.

### 27. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

		Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Future minimum lease payments Less: Future finance charges	1,011,716 (81,529)	1,354,992 (118,274)	964,154 (83,143)
Total present value of minimum lease payments	930,187	1,236,718	881,011
<b>Current</b> Payable within 1 year Future minimum lease payments Less: Future finance charges Present value of minimum lease payments	305,055 (38,113) 266,942	419,064 (60,682) 358,382	345,504 (42,706) 302,798
Non-current Payable after 1 year but not later than 5 years			
Future minimum lease payments Less: Future finance charges Present value of minimum	706,661 (43,416)	935,928 (57,592)	618,650 (40,437)
lease payments	<u>    663,245</u> 930,187	878,336 1,236,718	578,213 881,011

The finance lease payables of the Group bear effective interest at rates ranging from 3.30% to 7.00% (2012: 2.38% to 7.00%; 1.12.2011: 2.38% to 7.00%) per annum.

### 28. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Gro	սթ
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year	300,655	17,049
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 7)	62,645	283,606
At end of the financial year	363,300	300,655

This is in respect of estimated deferred tax liabilities arising from temporary differences as follows:-

	Grou	ւթ
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Differences between the carrying amount of property,		
plant and equipment and its tax base	48,700	5,055
Deductible temporary differences in respect of expenses	(162,000)	(200,900)
Taxable temporary differences in respect of income	476,600	496,500
	363,300	300,655

### **29. TRADE PAYABLES**

The normal trade credit term granted by the trade payables to the Group ranges from 30 to 90 days (2012: 30 to 90 days; 1.12.2011: 30 to 90 days).

Included in trade payables of the Group is an amount owing to an associate of RM660,000 (2012: RM200,000; 1.12.2011: RM1,368,000) which is on normal trade terms.

The foreign currency exposure profile of trade payables is as follows:-

		Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
China Renminbi ("RMB")	1,016,106	110,468	161,474
USD	-	357,811	672,633
SGD	71,109	137,132	

### **30. OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS AND ACCRUALS**

		Group	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Other payables Deposits Accruals	63,130 9,051 2,260,507	763,703 3,950 1,772,275	182,783 2,400 2,490,143
	2,332,688	2,539,928	2,675,326
		Company	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	As at 1.12.2011 RM
Other payables Accruals	9,964 404,722	600,000 293,304	- 317,829

893,304

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414,686

317,829

### 31. PROVISIONS

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM	2012 RM	2013 RM	2012 RM
Provision for warranty costs				·
At beginning of the financial year	755,592	960,046	-	-
Reversal	(138,566)	(29,327)	-	-
Utilisation	(15,608)	(175,127)	-	-
At end of the financial year	601,418	755,592	-	-
Provision for employee benefits				
At beginning of the financial year	114,474	204,734	38,358	153,255
Additions	119,002	114,474	45,471	38,358
Reversal	(114,474)	(204,734)	(38,358)	(153,255)
At end of the financial year	119,002	114,474	45,471	38,358
	720,420	870,066	45,471	38,358

Provision for warranty costs is in respect of products sold under warranty by subsidiaries. Provision is recognised for expected warranty claims on products sold based on past experience. Assumptions used to calculate the provision for warranties were based on the sales made and past experience of warranty claims received.

Provision for employee benefits is in respect of provision for short term accumulated compensated absences for employees. The provision is made based on the number of days of outstanding compensated absences of each director and employees multiplied by their respective salary/wages as at year end.

### 32. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following amounts:-

		Group		Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Fixed income fund with a licensed					
fund management company		11,314,858	13,461,037	3,788,538	3,316,356
Cash at banks and in hand		9,241,173	4,286,246	1,503,164	114,123
		20,556,031	17,747,283	5,291,702	3,430,479
Cash deposits with licensed banks		4,936,729	8,993,581	-	-
Bank overdrafts	26	(78,567)	(55,970)	-	
		25,414,193	26,684,894	5,291,702	3,430,479
Cash deposits with licensed banks					
under lien	22	(2,443,173)	(7,119,377)	-	
	:	22,971,020	19,565,517	5,291,702	3,430,479

### 33. DIVIDENDS

The Company paid a first and final dividend of 5 sen per ordinary share of RM1 each less 25% tax amounting to RM1,847,890 on 28 June 2013 in respect of the financial year ended 2012.

The directors recommended a first and final single tier dividend of 4 sen per ordinary share of RM1 each amounting to RM1,971,083 in respect of the current financial year subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect the final dividend. The final dividend will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 30 November 2014.

### 34. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

### (a) Identity of related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group or to the Company if the Group or the Company has the ability to directly or indirectly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

The Group and the Company have a related party relationship with its subsidiaries, associates and key management personnel.

### **34. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES** (cont'd)

### (b) Related party transactions and balances

The transactions with subsidiaries are as follows:-

	company		
	2013	2012	
	RM	RM	
Dividend received/receivable from subsidiaries	(3,871,500)	(3,402,000)	
Management fees received/receivable from subsidiaries	(1,067,037)	(1,045,411)	
Management fees paid/payable to subsidiaries	37,354	36,605	
Rental of motor vehicles paid/payable to a subsidiary	112,800	88,875	
Rental of premises paid/payable to a subsidiary	80,900	78,900	

Company

The transactions with associates are as follows:-

	Gro	oup	Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Purchases from an associate	6,892,300	8,020,000	-	-
Management fees received/				
receivable from an associate	(187,925)	(182,073)	(122,232)	(122,236)
Rental of premises received/				
receivable from associates	(51,200)	(37,666)		

Information regarding outstanding balances arising from related party transactions are disclosed in Notes 20, 21 and 29.

### (c) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel include personnel having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entities, directly or indirectly, including any directors of the Group.

The remuneration of key management personnel including directors are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Short term employee benefits				
(including benefits-in-kind)	2,786,465	3,140,114	713,378	940,723
Post-employment benefits	272,377	282,413	60,156	82,008
	3,058,842	3,422,527	773,534	1,022,731

### **35. CAPITAL COMMITMENT**

	Group		Company		
	2013	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Intangible assets					
- Approved and contracted for	942,348	882,615	-	-	
## **36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

	Com	pany
	2013 RM	2012 RM
In respect of corporate guarantees given by the Company to financial institutions for banking and credit facilities granted to the subsidiaries	7,508,092	9,127,108

## **37. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services. The Group's chief operation decision maker reviews the information of each operating segment on at least monthly basis for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. Therefore, the Group's reportable segment in accordance with MFRS 8 is as follows:-

Information and Communication Technology	Inclusive of Telematics and navigation products and services, telecommunication products, Geographical Information System (GIS) development and research businesses.
Telecommunication Infrastructure and Services	Inclusive of installation, testing and commissioning of utilities, telecommunication and fibre optic cables and associated civil works and marketing of alternate telephony services.
Others	Mainly comprise investment holding and provision of management services, property investment and general trading, neither which are of a sufficient size to be reported separately.

Segment revenue, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items mainly comprise interest-earning assets and revenue, interest-bearing loans and expenses and tax assets, liabilities and expense.

## Segment revenue and results

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 3. Segment results represent profit or loss before taxation of the segment. Inter-segment transactions are entered in the ordinary course of business based on terms mutually agreed upon by the parties concerned.

## Segment assets

Segment assets are measured based on all assets (including goodwill) of the segment.

## Segment liabilities

Segment liabilities are measured based on all liabilities of the segment.

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## **37. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (cont'd)

## (a) Operating Segment

Group	Note	Information and Communication Technology RM	Telecommunication Infrastructure and Services RM	Others RM	Eliminations RM	Consolidated RM
2013 Segment Revenue						
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	Ē	37,325,064 3,449,912	2,935,909 -	187,925 5,345,859	- (8,795,771)	40,448,898 -
Total revenue	I	40,774,976	2,935,909	5,533,784	(8,795,771)	40,448,898
Segment Results						
Interest income		97,163	88,505	121,147	I	306,815
Interest expense		(70,484)	(7, 196)	(343, 382)		(421,062)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		(494,934)	(71,196)	(341,400)	ı	(907, 530)
Amortisation of intangible assets				I		(1)
Share of results of associates	į	104,990	(5,067)		•	99,923
Other non-cash items	( <u>ii</u> )	96,302	(51,885)	135,796		180,213
Segment profit/(loss) before taxation		3,425,147	(231,107)	(1,300,211)	I	1,893,829
1 ax (expense)/creatt		(000,132)	CC/,71	43,800		(1/5,500)
Segment Assets						
Additions to non-current assets other than						
financial instruments and deferred tax assets		521,508 77 000 461	606,504 5 210 218	309,747 28 006 150	I	1,437,759 67 104 070
1 01a1 seguicili assets		z1,700,401	010,017,0	001,024,07		02,174,727
Segment Liabilities						
Total segment liabilities	"	7,831,758	1,312,230	8,246,240		17,390,228

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## 37. SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

## (a) **Operating Segment** (cont<sup>3</sup>d)

Group	Note	Information and Communication Technology RM	Telecommunication Infrastructure and Services RM	Others RM	Eliminations RM	Consolidated RM
2012 Segment Revenue						
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	Ξ	53,937,223 3,839,350	1,446,581 -	182,073 4,867,220	- (8,706,570)	55,565,877 -
Total revenue	II	57,776,573	1,446,581	5,049,293	(8,706,570)	55,565,877
Segment Results						
Interest income		66,789	92,123	195,455	·	354,367
Interest expense		(114,050)	(9,504)	(51,864)		(175, 418)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		(473, 828)	(65, 452)	(180, 164)		(719,444)
Amortisation of intangible assets		(126, 736)	I	I	I	(126, 736)
Share of results of associates		462,459	I	'	•	462,459
Other non-cash items	(ii)	(1, 302, 145)	7,797	214,703	ı	(1,079,645)
Segment profit/(loss) before taxation Tax expense		6,346,242 (1,232,245)	16,522 (17,040)	(711,542) (44,700)		5,651,222 (1,293,985)
Segment Assets	II					
Additions to non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tay assets		7 378 A5A	950 0	16 017 837		18 344 747
Total segment assets	II	33,856,867	5,220,687	29,180,863	I	68,258,417
Segment Liabilities						
Total segment liabilities	11	12,866,474	1,039,233	8,837,371		22,743,078

## **37. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (cont'd)

## (a) **Operating Segment** (cont'd)

- (i) Inter-segment revenue are in respect of sales between the segments which are charged at cost plus a percentage profit mark-up. Segment revenue, expenses and results include transfers between business segments. These transfers are eliminated on consolidation.
- (ii) Other material non-cash items consist of the following items as presented in the respective notes:-

	Grou	սթ
	2013 RM	2012 RM
Bad debts written off	63,414	-
Development costs written off	-	1,236,605
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	94,686	70,997
Inventories written off	-	59,416
Loss/(Gain) on foreign exchange- unrealised	32,484	(8,330)
Net provision/(reversal of provision) for employee benefits	4,528	(90,260)
Property, plant and equipment written off	3,156	-
Net fair value gain on held for trading investments	(66,257)	(16,565)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(173,658)	(142,891)
Reversal of provision for warranty costs	(138,566)	(29,327)
	(180,213)	1,079,645

### (b) Geographical Segment

Revenue based on geographical location of the Group's customers are as follows:-

	Gro	oup
	2013 RM	2012 RM
Malaysia	40,448,898	55,565,877

Non-current assets are all located in Malaysia.

## (c) Information about Major Customers

Revenue from major customers of the Group amounted to RM33,324,039 (2012: RM50,358,593) arising from sales by the Information and Communication Technology segment.

## **38. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS**

(a) On 29 April 2013, the Company disposed of its entire shareholding in Amtel Networks Sdn. Bhd. ("ANSB") comprising 200,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each to the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Amtel Resources Sdn. Bhd. ("ARSB") for a cash consideration of RM1.

On the same date, ARSB acquired an additional 5% equity interest in ANSB comprising 25,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each for a cash consideration of RM1 from an existing shareholder of ANSB. As a result of this acquisition, ARSB holds 45% equity interest in ANSB.

On 2 May 2013, ANSB increased its paid up share capital from 500,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each to 600,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each whereby ARSB has proportionately subscribed for its 45% equity interest comprising 45,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each for a cash consideration of RM45,000.

- (b) On 11 July 2013, the Company disposed of its entire shareholding comprising 100,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each, representing 100% equity interests in Ideal Move Capital Sdn. Bhd. ("IMCSB") for a cash consideration of RM2. Following the disposal, IMCSB ceased to be the subsidiary of the Company.
- (c) On 31 October 2013, the Company acquired the remaining 49.75% equity interest in Topweb Sdn. Bhd. ("TWSB") for a cash consideration of RM135,000. Consequently, TWSB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.
- (d) On 21 November 2013, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Amtel Cellular Sdn. Bhd. ("AMCSB") has entered into a Shareholders' and Joint Venture Agreement ("JV Agreement") with Asia World Technology Pte. Ltd. ("AWT") to establish a joint venture company ("JV Company") in Singapore with the objectives of penetrating into Singapore market on navigation for auto and mobile industry and develop and own high quality Singapore map data to be used for both navigation and web based portal applications. The JV Company, namely Amtel Pte. Ltd. ("APL"), a private limited company was incorporated on 3 December 2013. Pursuant to this JV Agreement, AMCSB and AWT each holds 70% and 30% equity interest in APL respectively.

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and market risk.

The Group's financial risk management policy seeks to minimize the potential adverse effects from the exposures to variety of risks in the normal course of business.

The Group's exposure to the financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes put in place to manage these risks are discussed below.

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

## (a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables and the maximum risk associated with recognised financial assets is the carrying amounts as presented in the statements of financial position. For other financial assets, the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing with high credit rating counterparties.

The Company is also exposed to credit risk arising from corporate guarantee provided in respect of banking facilities granted to the subsidiaries.

The Group's objective is to seek continual revenue growth while minimising losses incurred due to increased credit risk exposure. The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. In addition, receivables balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

## Financial guarantee

The Company provides unsecured financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to subsidiaries.

The Company monitors on an ongoing basis the repayments made by the subsidiaries and their financial performance.

The maximum exposure to credit risk amounts to RM7,513,995 (2012: RM9,127,108; 1.12.2011: RM1,422,054) representing the outstanding credit facilities of the subsidiaries guaranteed by the Company at the reporting date. At the reporting date, there was no indication that the subsidiaries would default on their repayment.

The financial guarantee has not been recognised as the fair value on initial recognition was immaterial since the financial guarantees provided by the Company did not contribute towards credit enhancement of the subsidiaries' borrowings in view of the securities pledged by the subsidiaries and it is unlikely that the subsidiaries will default within the guarantee period.

## (b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's and the Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through use of stand-by credit facilities.

The Group's and the Company's liquidity risk management policy is to manage its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. In addition, the Group and the Company maintain sufficient levels of cash and available banking facilities at a reasonable level to their overall debt position to meet their working capital requirement.

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

## (b) Liquidity Risk (cont'd)

<u>Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities</u> The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment of obligations.

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	On demand or within 1 vear	1 to 2 vears	2 to 5 vears	Over 5 vears
Group 2013	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial liabilities:-						
Trade payables	5,233,065	5,233,065	5,233,065	ı	ı	
Other payables and accruals	2,332,688	2,332,688	2,332,688	I	I	ı
Term loan	7,289,091	8,788,037	985,692	985,692	2,957,076	3,859,577
Finance lease payables	930,187	1,011,716	305,055	293,484	413,177	
Bank overdrafts	78,567	78,567	78,567	ı	ı	
Bankers' acceptance	219,000	220,554	220,554	, ,	'	ı
	16,082,598	17,664,627	9,155,621	1,279,176	3,370,253	3,859,577
<b>Company</b> Financial liabilities:-						
Other payables and accruals	414,676	414,676	414,676	ı	ı	'

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

## (b) Liquidity Risk (cont<sup>7</sup>d)

<u>Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities (cont</u><sup>'d</sup>) The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment of obligations. (cont<sup>'</sup>d)

Carrying Contractual On demand or 1 to 2	amount cash flows within 1 year years	RM RM RM RM		8,471,180 8,471,180 8,471,180 -	2,539,928 2,539,928 2,539,928 -	9,774,779	1,236,718 1,354,992 419,064 327,714 608,214	55,970 55,970 55,970 -	1,102,933 1,109,887 1,109,887 -	21,355,281 23,306,736 13,233,357 1,001,873 2,851,680		893,304 893,304 893,304 -	
		Group 2012	Financial liabilities:-	Trade payables	Other payables and accruals	Term loan	Finance lease payables	Bank overdrafts	Bankers' acceptance		<b>Company</b> Financial liabilities:	Other payables and accruals	

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

## (b) Liquidity Risk (cont<sup>7</sup>d)

<u>Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities (cont</u><sup>'d</sup>) The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment of obligations. (cont<sup>'</sup>d)

Over 5	years RM	TATAT		ı				•	I	
2 to 5	years RM	TATAT		I	,	324,122	,		324,122	
1 to 2	years RM			ı		294,528			294,528	
On demand or	within 1 year RM	TATAT		7,569,510	2,675,326	345,504	12,539	1,326,155	11,929,034	317,829
Contractual	cash flows RM			7,569,510	2,675,326	964,154	12,539	1,326,155	12,547,684	317,829
Carrying	amount RM			7,569,510	2,675,326	881,011	12,539	1,303,000	12,441,386	317,829
	Grain	As at 1.12.2011	Financial liabilities:-	Trade payables	Other payables and accruals	Finance lease payables	Bank overdrafts	Bankers' acceptance		<b>Company</b> Financial liabilities:- Other payables and accruals

## **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

## (c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from interest bearing financial assets and financial liabilities which include cash deposits, fixed income fund, bank borrowings and finance lease payables.

Interest bearing financial assets include cash deposits and fixed income fund that are short term in nature and are not held for speculative purposes but are placed to satisfy conditions for banking facilities granted to the subsidiaries and to earn a better yield than cash at banks. The cash deposits placed with licensed banks and fixed income fund at fixed rate expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

Interests bearing financial liabilities include finance lease payables, bank overdrafts and bankers' acceptances.

Borrowings at floating rates amounting to RM7,586,658 (2012: RM9,107,455; 1.12.2011: RM1,315,539) expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk whilst finance lease payables at fixed rate amounting to RM930,187 (2012: RM1,236,718; 1.12.2011: RM881,011) expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group manages its interest rate risk exposure by maintaining a prudent mix of fixed and floating borrowings rate. The Group also monitors the interest rate on borrowings closely to ensure that the borrowings are maintained at favourable rates.

## Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

If the interest rate had been 50 basis point higher/lower and all other variables held constant, the Group's profit net of tax for the financial year ended 30 November 2013 would decrease/increase by RM28,450 (2012: RM34,153) as a result of exposure to floating rate borrowings.

## (d) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group has transactional currency exposures arising from purchases and direct costs that are denominated in currencies other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities, primarily RM. The foreign currencies in which these transactions are denominated are mainly USD, SGD and RMB.

The Group also holds cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies for working capital purposes. At the reporting date, such foreign currencies balances (mainly in USD and SGD) amount to RM208,477 (2012: RM224,838; 1.12.2011: RM400,420).

## Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The Group believes that no reasonably possible changes in the risk variable could affect the results of the Group as the Group's financial instruments denominated in foreign currency are minimal.

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

## (e) Market Risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Group is exposed to market price risk arising from its investment in quoted unit trusts and investments in quoted shares listed on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. These instruments are classified as held for trading. The Group does not have exposure to commodity price risk.

## Sensitivity analysis for equity price risk

At the reporting date, if Bursa Malaysia KLCI had been 1% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit net of tax would increase/decrease by RM37,600 (2012: RM3,106) as a result of increase/decrease in the fair value of investments in equity instrument classified as held for trading.

## 40. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The methods and assumptions used to determine the fair value of the following classes of financial assets and liabilities are as follows:-

## (a) Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and payables

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and payables are reasonable approximation of fair values due to relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

## (b) Other investments

The fair value of shares and unit trusts quoted in an active market is determined by reference to the quoted closing bid price at the reporting date.

## (c) Borrowings

The carrying amounts of the floating rate borrowings are reasonable approximation of fair values.

The fair value of finance lease payables is estimated using discounted cash flow analysis, based on current lending rate for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

## **40.** FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## (c) **Borrowings** (cont'd)

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities recognised in the financial statements approximate their fair values except as follows:-

	Gr	oup	Company				
	Carrying Amount RM	Fair Value RM	Carrying Amount RM	Fair Value RM			
2013							
Financial Liabilities							
Finance lease payables	930,187	952,498					
2012 Financial Liabilities							
Finance lease payables	1,236,718	1,240,260					
As at 1.12.2011 Financial Assets							
Other investments - Unquoted shares in Malaysia	1,200,000	#	1,200,000	#			
Financial Liabilities							
Finance lease payables	881,011	888,129					

# It is not practicable to estimate the fair value of unquoted other investment reliably due to lack of quoted market price and the inability to estimate the fair value without incurring excessive costs. However, the Group believes that the carrying amount represents the recoverable value.

## 41. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, within the fair value hierarchy, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- (a) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (b) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- (c) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

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## 41. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (cont'd)

As at 30 November 2013, 30 November 2012 and as at 1 December 2011, the Group and the Company held Level 1 financial instruments carried at fair values on the statements of financial position.

## Assets measured at fair value

Assets measured at fair value						
	2013	13	2012	12	As at 1.12 2011	12 2011
	Carrying	Level 1	Carrying	Level 1	Carrying	Level 1
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
- Quoted shares	480,370	480,370	414,113	414,113	139,878	139,878
- Quoted unit trusts	4,533,024	4,533,024	ľ	ſ	4,155,835	4,155,835
Available-for-sale financial assets						
- Transferable club membership	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
- Unquoted shares	ſ	ľ	1,200,000	1,200,000	ľ	'
<b>Company</b> Available-for-sale financial assets						
- Transferable club membership	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
- Unquoted shares	'	ı	1,200,000	1,200,000	ſ	'

During the financial year ended 30 November 2013, 30 November 2012 and as at 1 December 2011, there was no transfer between fair value measurement hierarchy.

## 42. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies and processes during the financial years ended 30 November 2013 and 30 November 2012.

The Company and its subsidiaries are not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debts divided by total capital. Net debts comprise borrowings (including finance lease payables) less cash and cash equivalents (excluding bank overdrafts) whilst total capital is the total equity of the Group. The gearing ratio as at 30 November 2013 and 30 November 2012, which is within the Group's objectives of capital management are as follows:-

	Group			
	2013	2012		
	RM	RM		
Total interest-bearing borrowings	8,516,845	10,344,173		
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(25,414,193)	(26,684,894)		
Total net cash	(16,897,348)	(16,340,721)		
Total equity	44,804,701	45,515,339		
Debt to equity ratio (%)	*	*		

\* Not meaningful as the Group is in a net cash position.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON THE DISCLOSURE OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFIT OR LOSS

The following analysis of realised and unrealised retained profits of the Group and of the Company at 30 November 2013 and 2012 is presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") dated 25 March 2010 and prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Securities Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

The accumulated losses of the Group and of the Company as at 30 November 2013 and 30 November 2012 are analysed as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Total accumulated losses				
of the Company and its				
subsidiaries:-				
- realised	(30,827,012)	(29,898,167)	(26,313,510)	(27,553,094)
- unrealised	(997,202)	(1,047,917)	-	-
	(31,824,214)	(30,946,084)	(26,313,510)	(27,553,094)
Total share of retained				
earnings/(accumulated losses)				
from associates:-				
- realised	835,459	735,536	-	-
	(30,988,755)	(30,210,548)	(26,313,510)	(27,553,094)
Less: Consolidation adjustments	21,209,237	21,193,062	-	_
Total accumulated losses	(9,779,518)	(9,017,486)	(26,313,510)	(27,553,094)

The disclosure of realised and unrealised profit or loss above is solely for complying with the disclosure requirements stipulated in the directive of Bursa Securities and should not be applied for any other purpose.